

# VECTOR BOSON SIGNALS OF ELECTROWEAK SYMMETRY BREAKING

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**DECEMBER 5, 2012**

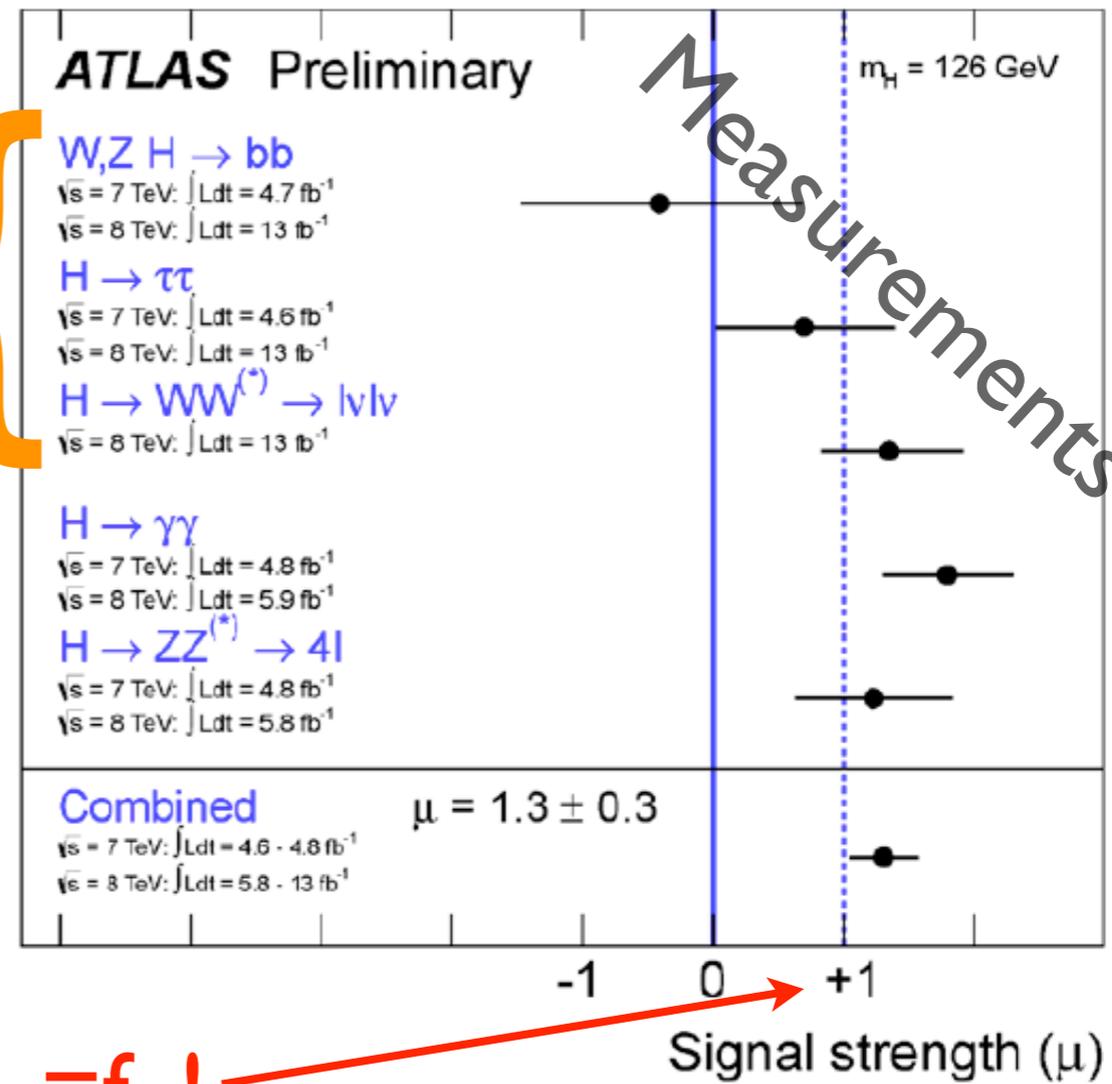
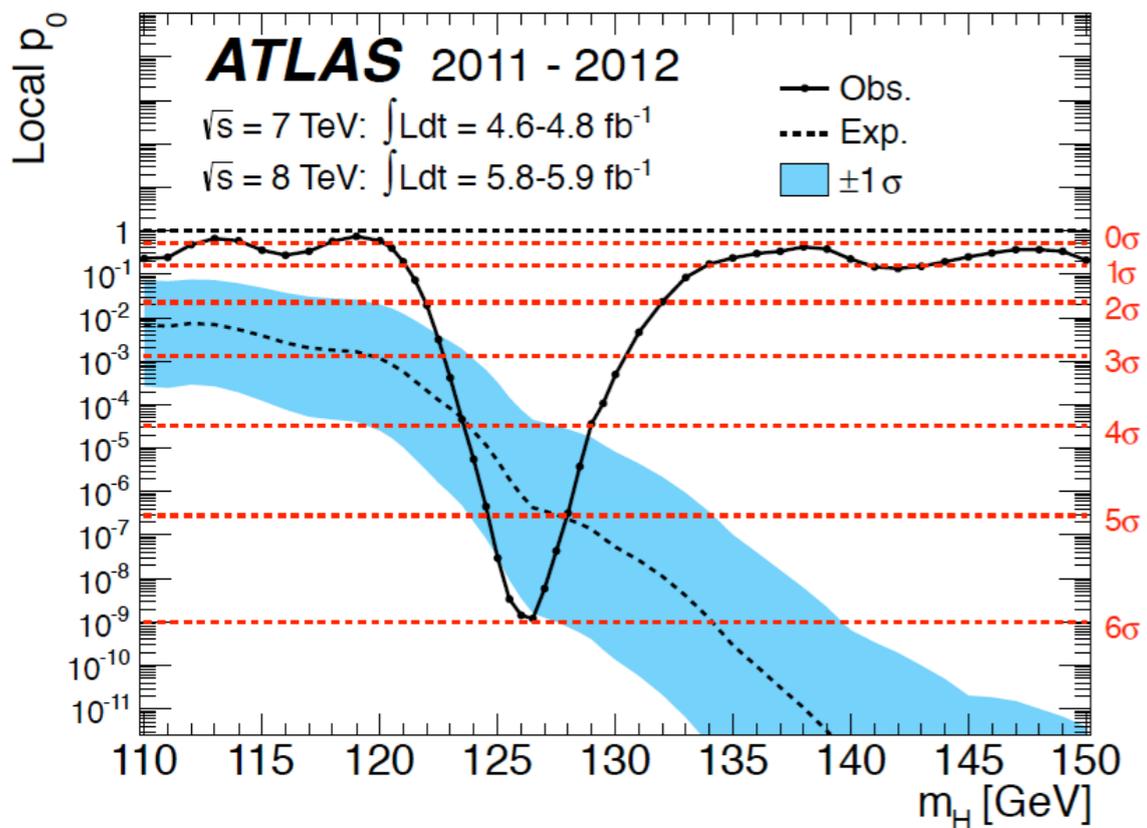
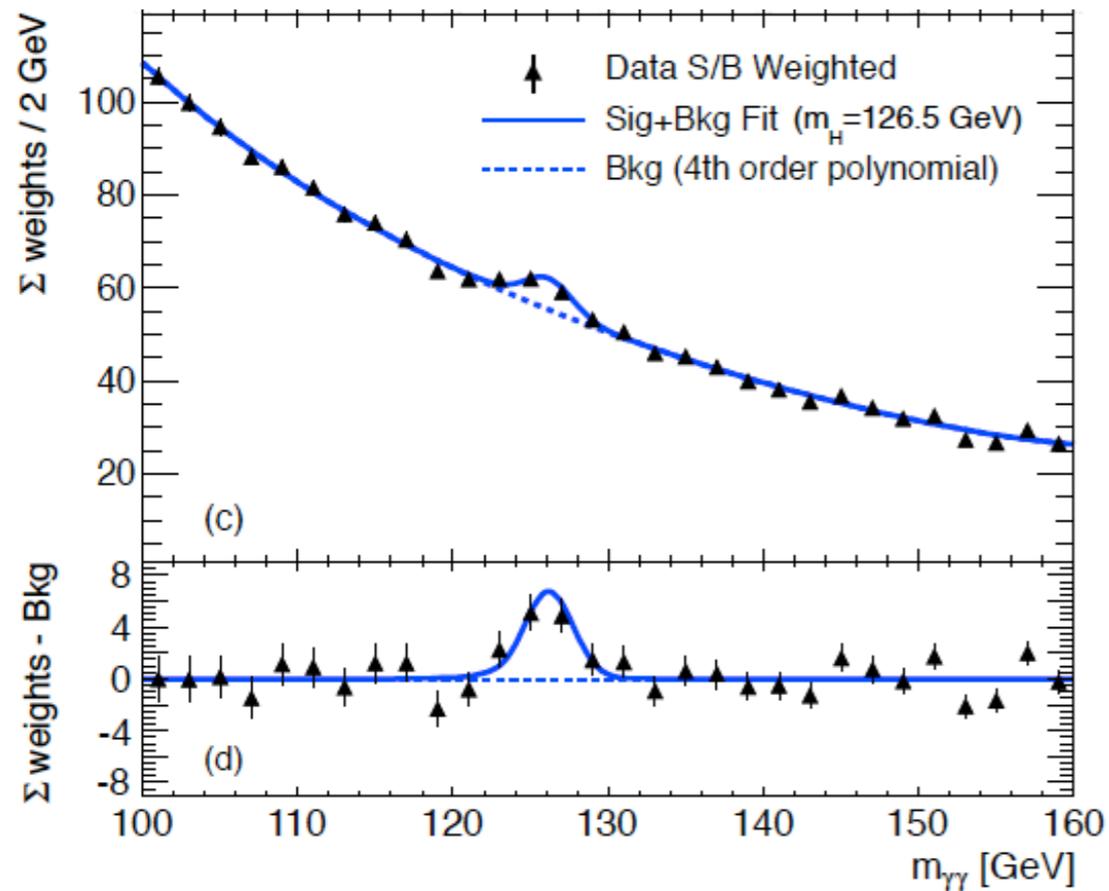
**SCGT 12**



**KMI-GCOE Workshop on  
Strong Coupling Gauge Theories  
in the LHC Perspective**

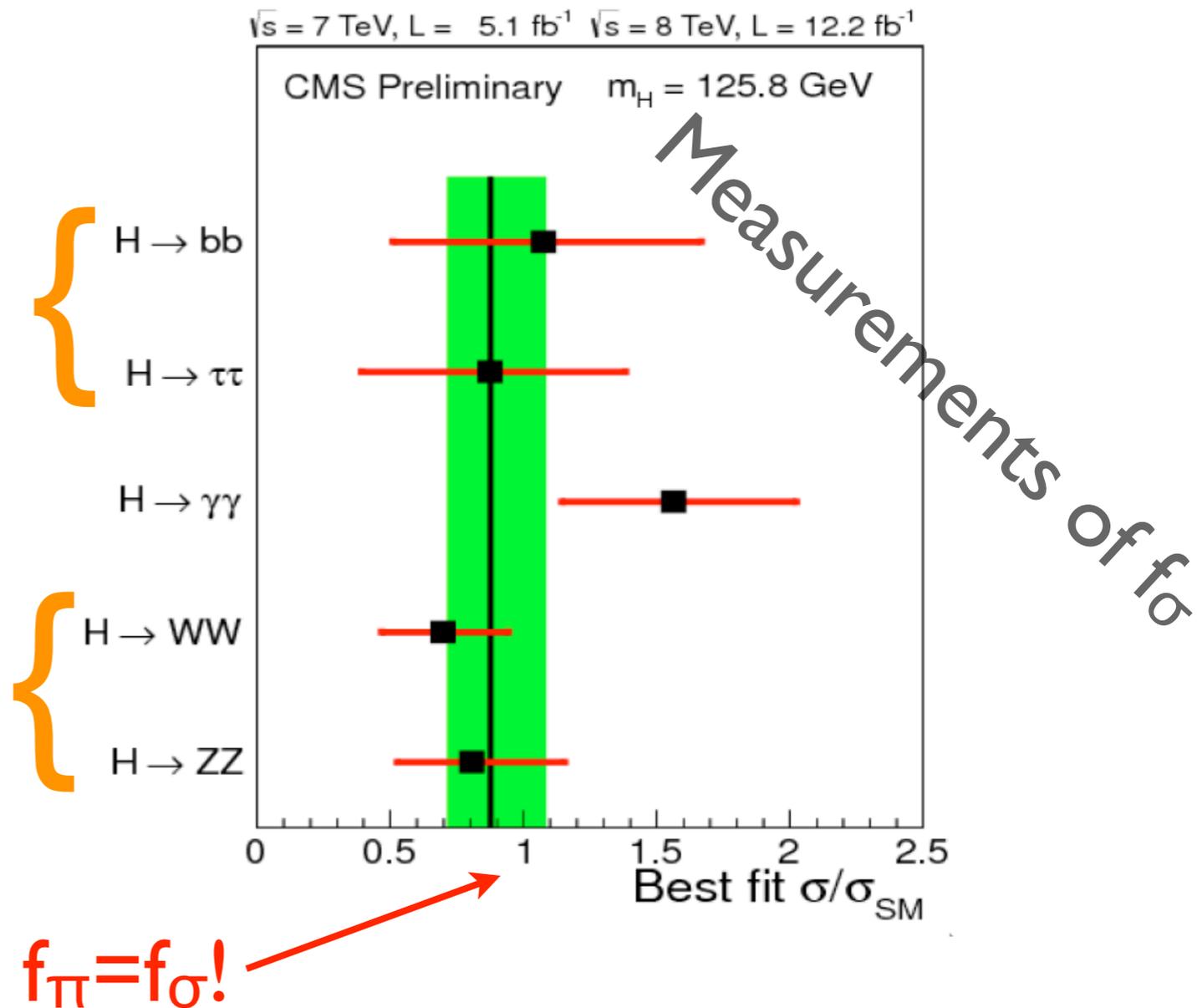
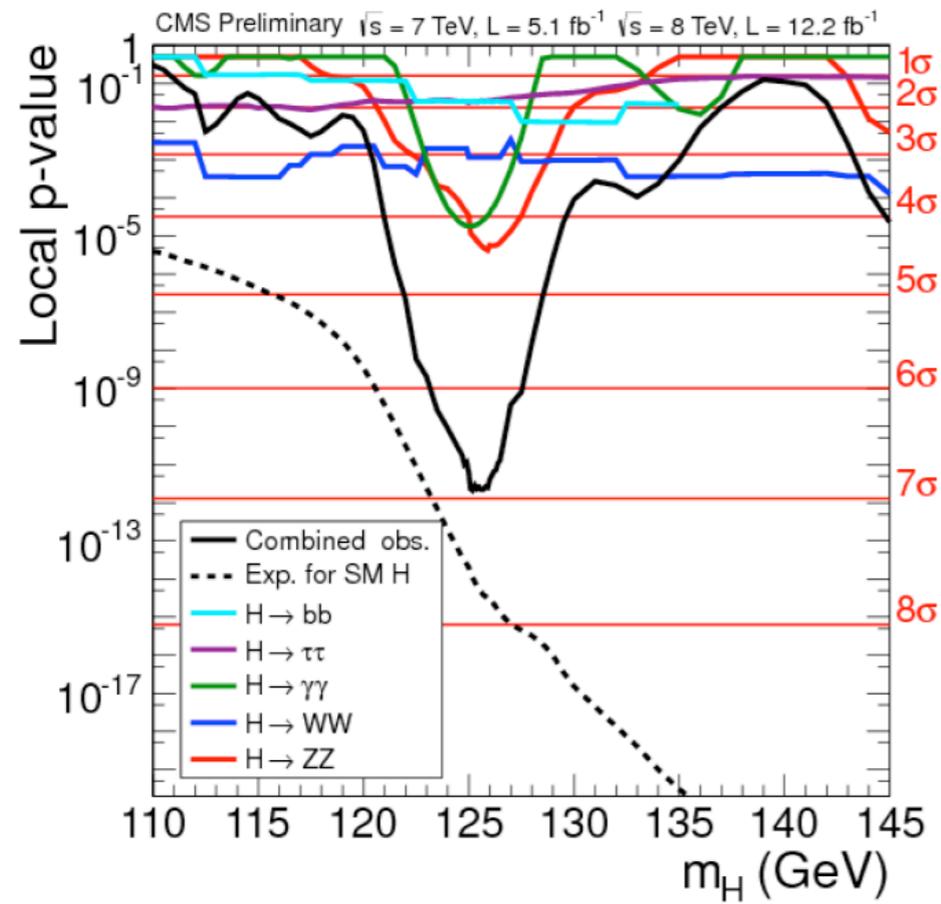
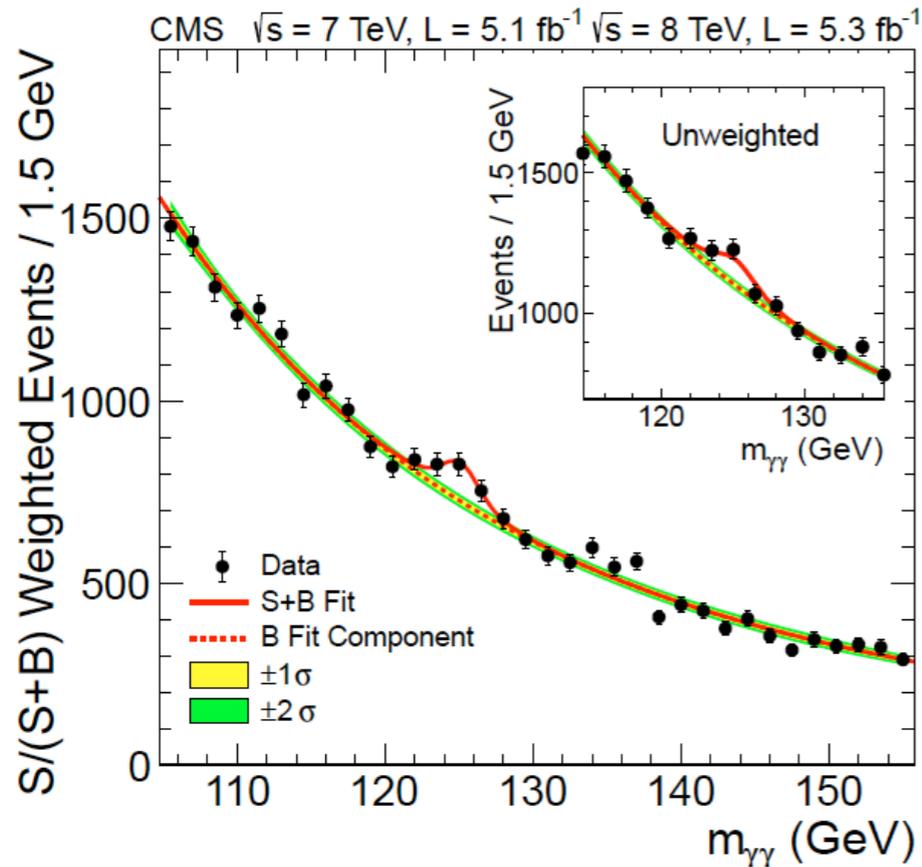
**A NEW BOSON**

# ATLAS



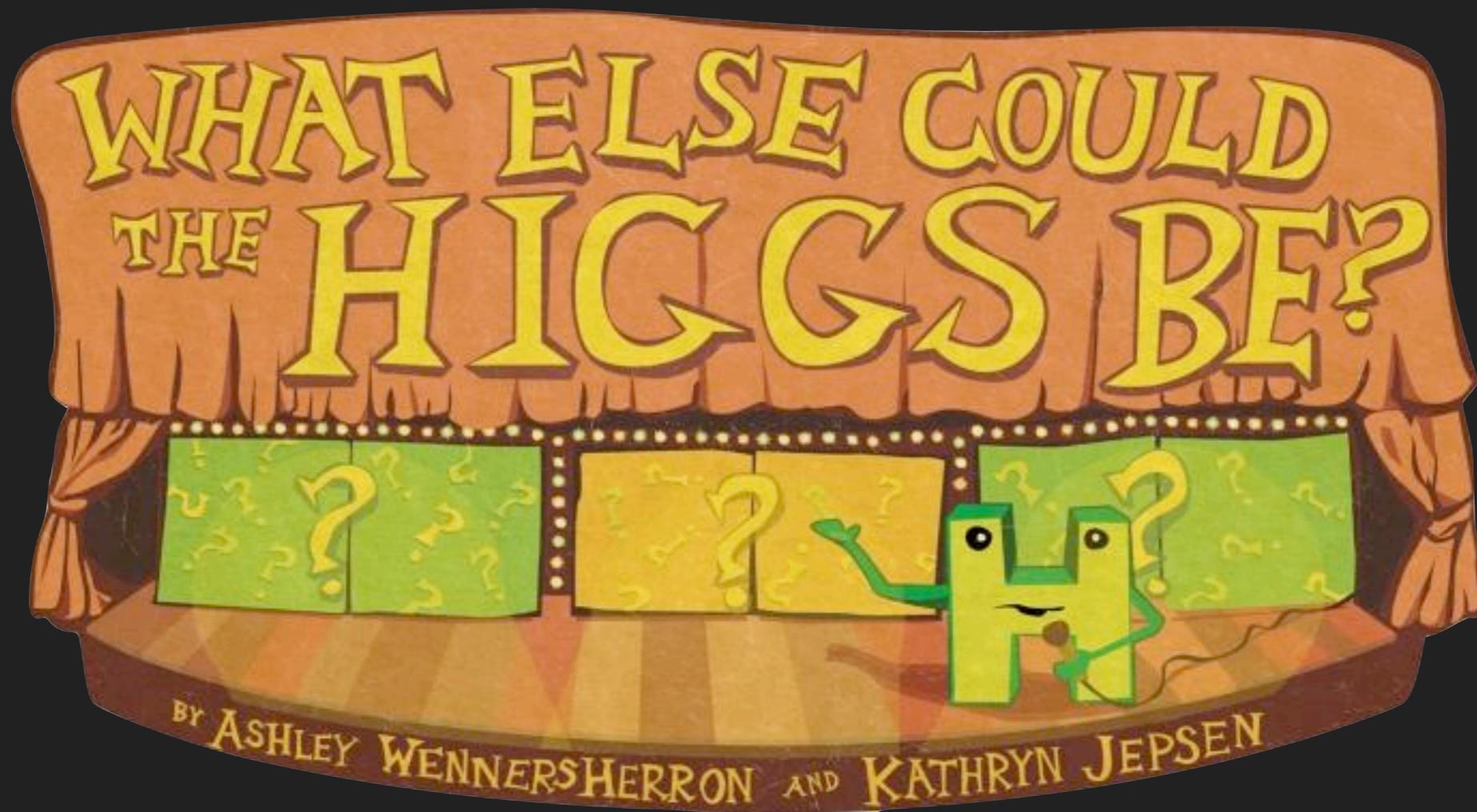
$f_{\pi} = f_{\sigma}!$

$M_W \rightarrow f_{\pi}$



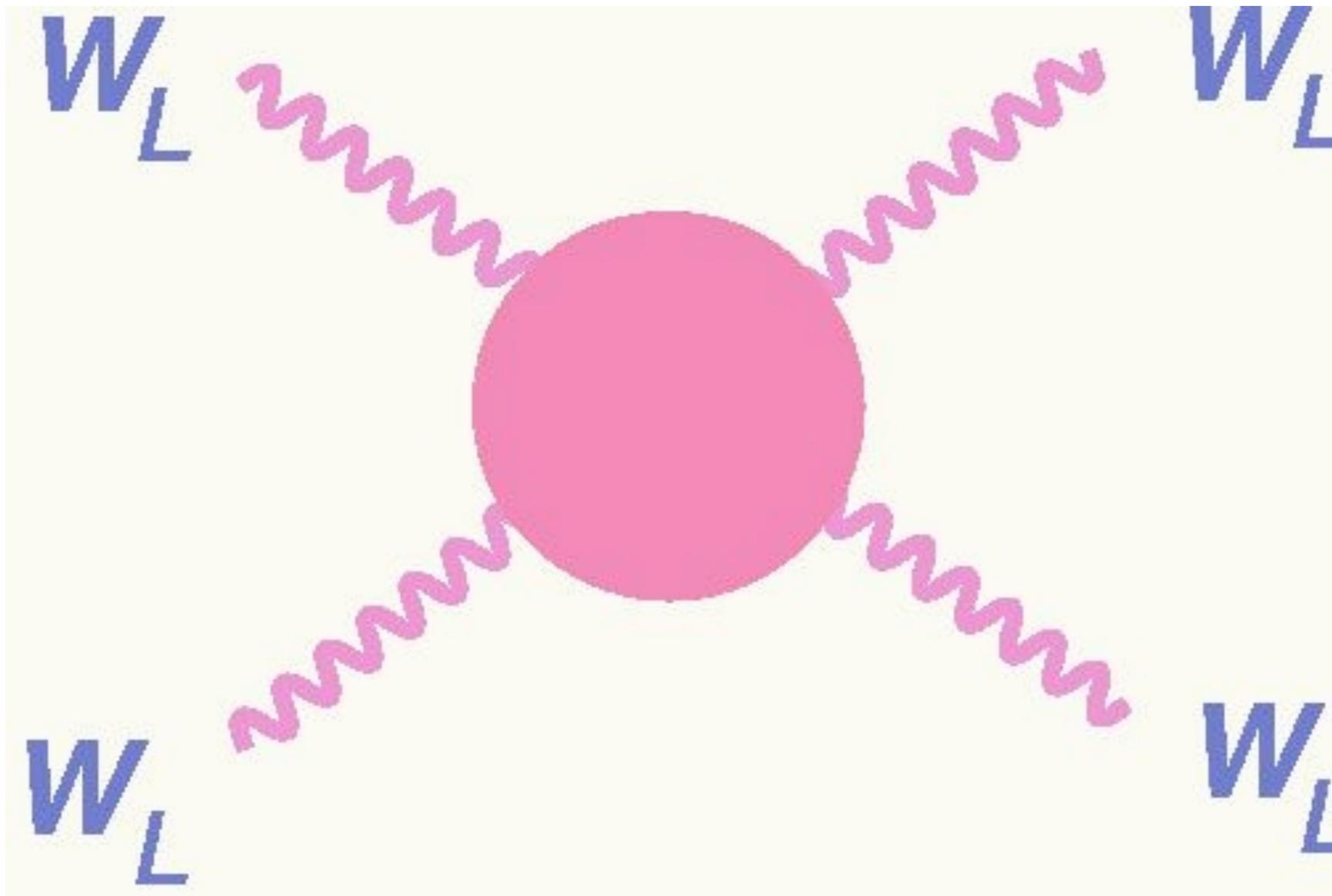
$$M_W \rightarrow f_\pi$$

# IS THE NEW BOSON THE HIGGS BOSON?

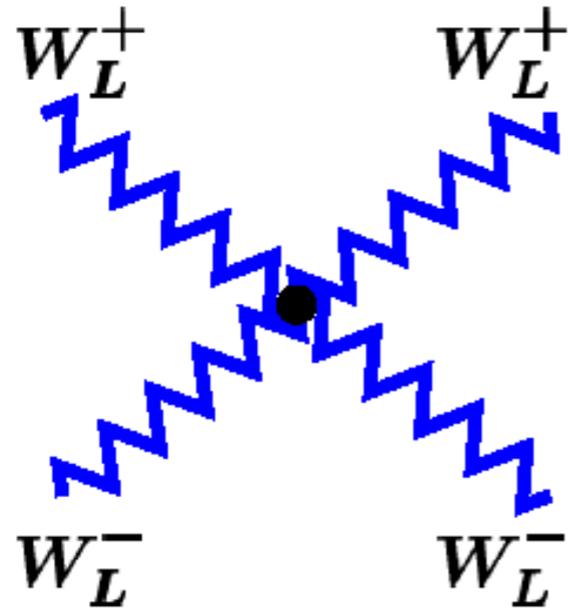


SYMMETRY MAGAZINE,  
OCT 30, 2012

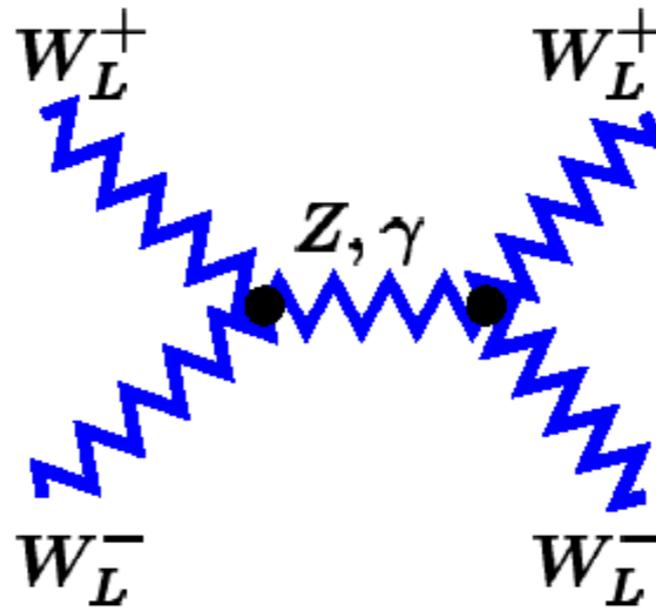
# Loss of Unitarity in



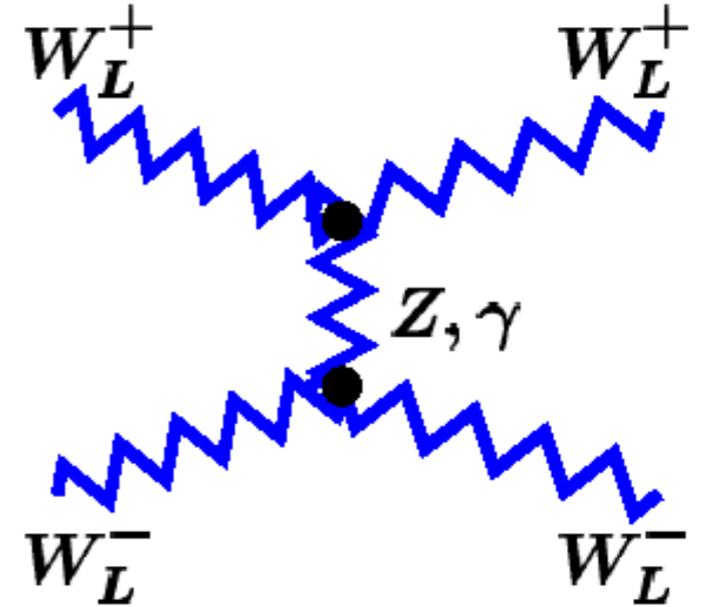
# SU(2) x U(1) @ E<sup>4</sup>



(a)



(b)

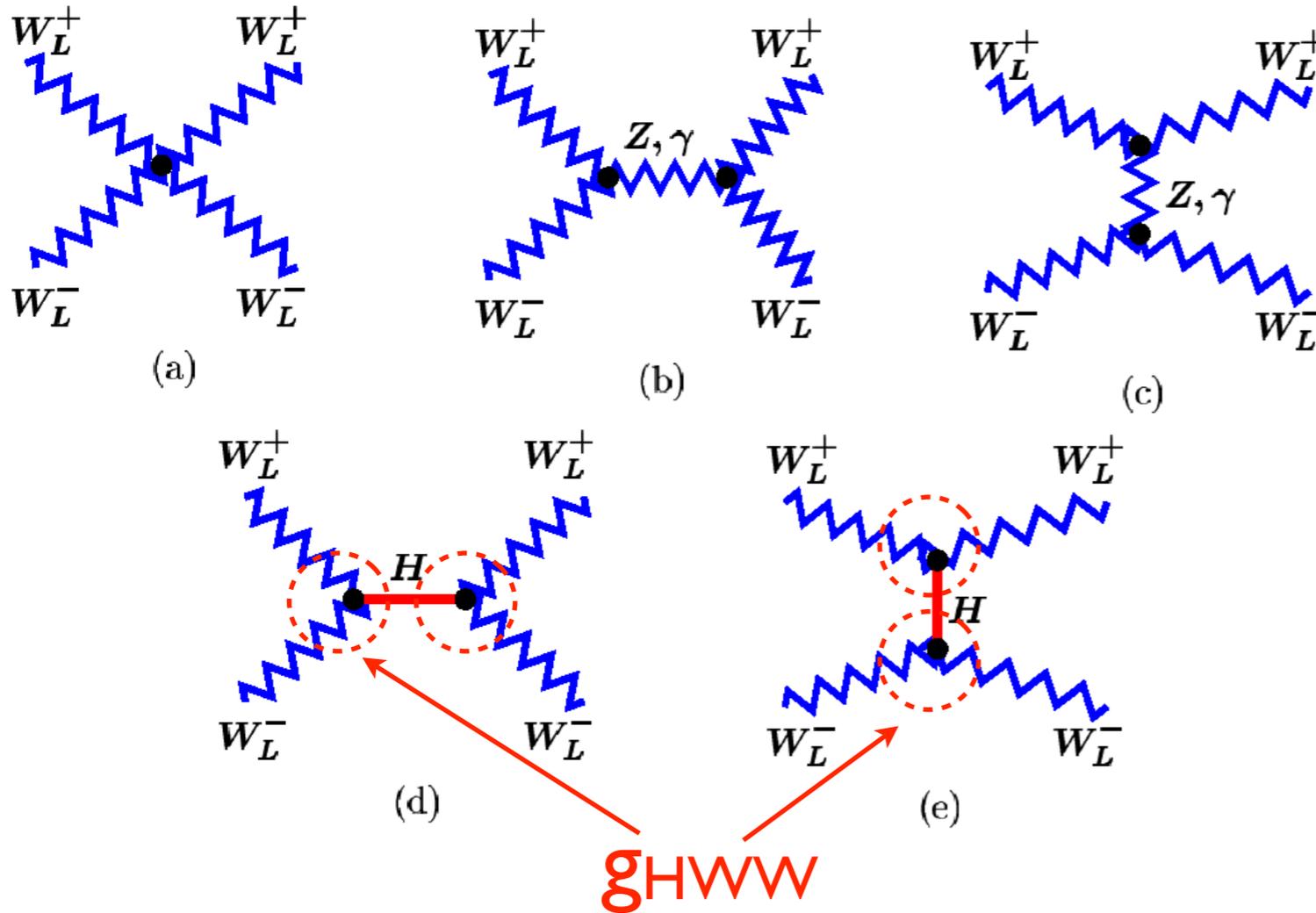


(c)

Graphs	$g^2 \frac{E^4}{m_w^4}$
(a)	$-3 + 6 \cos\theta + \cos^2\theta$
(b)	$-4 \cos\theta$
(c)	$+3 - 2 \cos\theta - \cos^2\theta$
Sum	$\frac{0}{0}$

$$\epsilon_L^\mu(k) = \frac{k^\mu}{m_w} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{m_w}{E}\right)$$

# SU(2) x U(1) @ E<sup>2</sup> & THE HIGGS



Graphs	$g^2 \frac{E^2}{m_w^2}$
(a)	$+2 - 6 \cos\theta$
(b)	$-\cos\theta$
(c)	$-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{15}{2} \cos\theta$
(d + e)	$-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cos\theta$
<b>Sum</b> including (d+e)	<b>0</b>

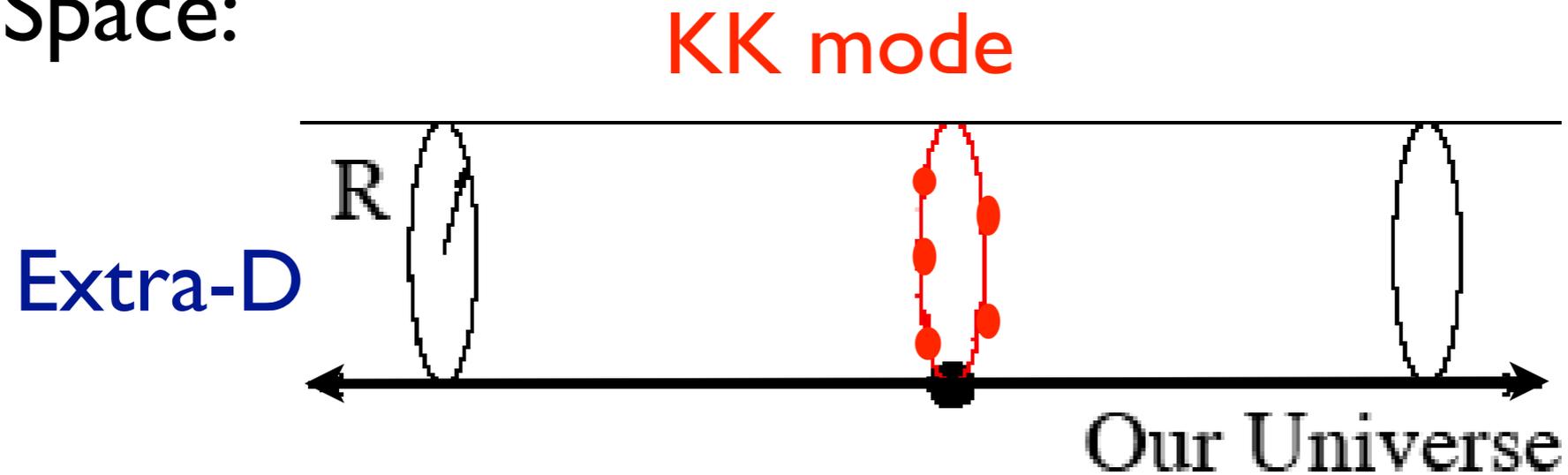
►  $\mathcal{O}(E^0) \Rightarrow$  4d  $m_H$  bound:  $m_H < \sqrt{16\pi/3} v \simeq 1.0 \text{ TeV}$

► If no Higgs  $\Rightarrow \mathcal{O}(E^2) \Rightarrow E < \sqrt{4\pi} v \simeq 0.9 \text{ TeV}$

**ALTERNATIVES?**  
**“HIGGSLESS” MODELS**

# MASSIVE VECTOR BOSONS FROM 5-D

Flat Space:



Expand 5-D gauge bosons in eigenmodes: e.g.

for  $S^1/Z_2$ :

$$\hat{A}_\mu^a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi R}} \left[ A_\mu^{a0}(x_\nu) + \sqrt{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_\mu^{an}(x_\nu) \cos\left(\frac{nx_5}{R}\right) \right]$$

$$\hat{A}_5^a = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi R}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_5^{an}(x_\nu) \sin\left(\frac{nx_5}{R}\right)$$

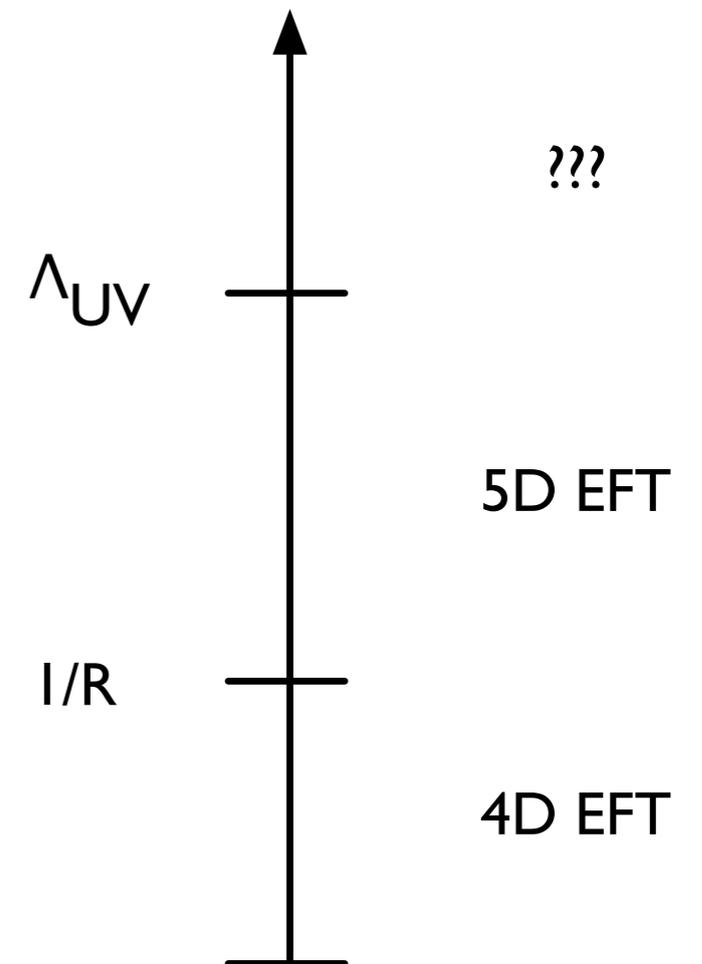
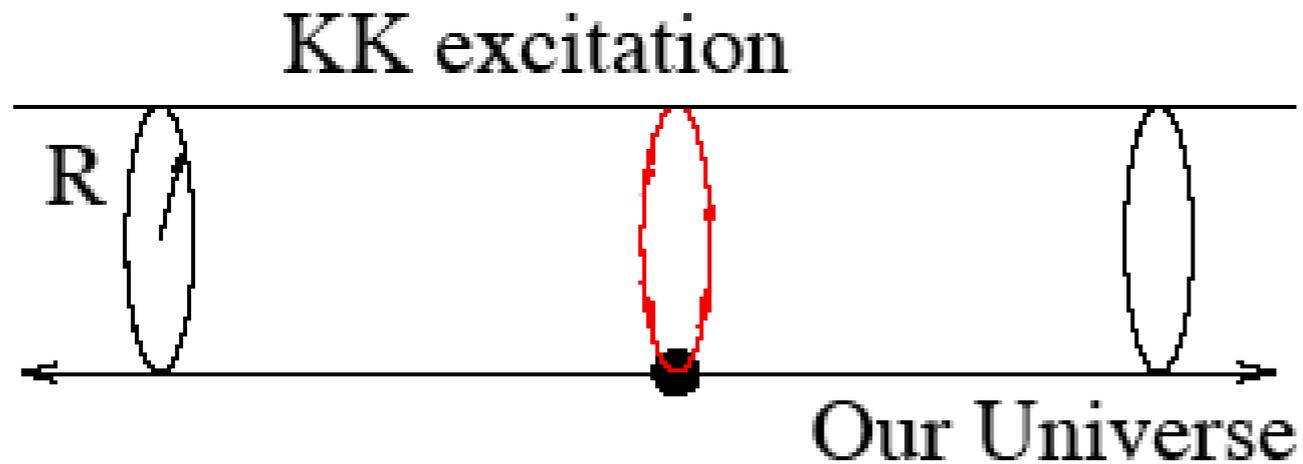
4-D gauge kinetic term contains

$$M_n = \frac{n}{R}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ M_n^2 (A_\mu^{an})^2 - 2M_n A_\mu^{an} \partial^\mu A_5^{an} + (\partial_\mu A_5^{an})^2 \right]$$

i.e.,  $A_L^{an} \leftrightarrow A_5^{an}$

# ENERGY SCALES AND COUPLINGS



$$\hat{A}_\mu^a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi R}} \left[ A_\mu^{a0}(x_\nu) + \sqrt{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_\mu^{an}(x_\nu) \cos\left(\frac{nx_5}{R}\right) \right]$$

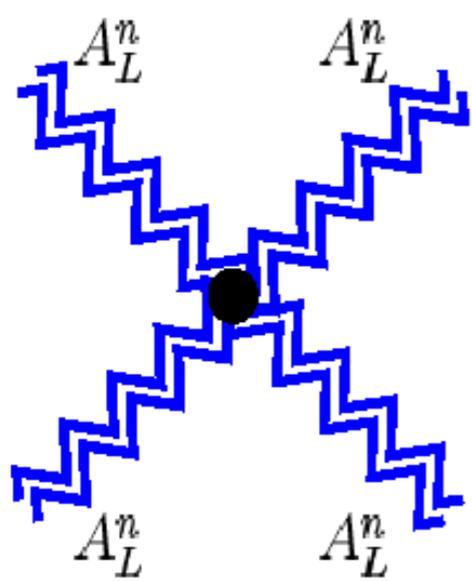
$$\hat{A}_5^a = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi R}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_5^{an}(x_\nu) \sin\left(\frac{nx_5}{R}\right)$$

$$g_4 = \frac{g_5}{\sqrt{\pi R}}$$

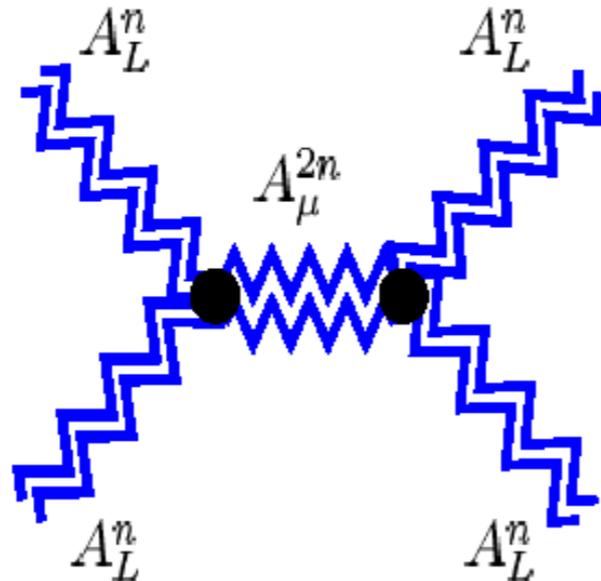
$$M_n = \frac{n}{R}$$

$$\Lambda_{UV} \propto \frac{1}{g_5^2}$$

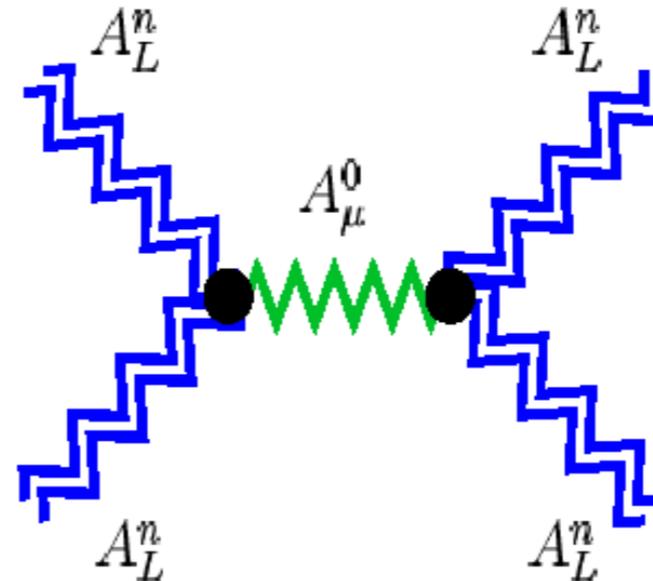
# 4-D KK MODE SCATTERING



(a)



(b1)



(c1)

+ Crossing Channels

(b2, b3) + (c2, c3)

**Cancellation of bad high-energy behavior through exchange of massive vector particles**

graph	$g^2 C^{eab} C^{ecd}$	$g^2 C^{eac} C^{edb}$	$g^2 C^{ead} C^{ebc}$
(a)	$6c(x^4 - x^2)$	$\frac{3}{2}(3 - 2c - c^2)x^4$ $-3(1 - c)x^2$	$\frac{-3}{2}(3 + 2c - c^2)x^4$ $+3(1 + c)x^2$
(b1)	$-2c(x^4 + x^2)$		
(c1)	$-4cx^4$		
(b2, 3)		$\frac{-1}{2}(3 - 2c + c^2)x^4$ $+3(1 - c)x^2$	$\frac{1}{2}(3 + 2c - c^2)x^4$ $-3(1 + c)x^2$
(c2, 3)		$(-3 + 2c + c^2)x^4$ $-8cx^2$	$(3 + 2c - c^2)x^4$ $-8cx^2$
<b>Sum</b>	$-8cx^2$	$-8cx^2$	$-8cx^2 \Rightarrow 0$

# GENERAL PRINCIPLES

Higgsless models are low-energy effective theories of Dynamical Electroweak Symmetry Breaking with. They include:

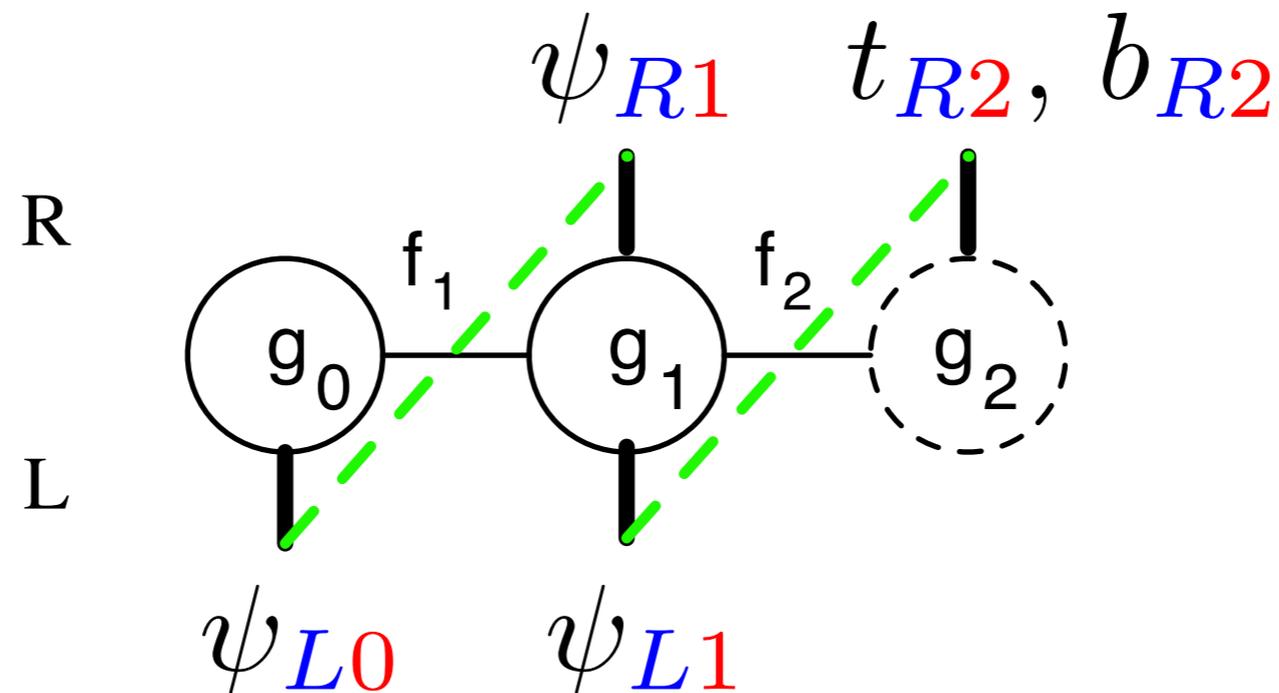
- massive 4-d gauge bosons arise in the context of a 5-d gauge theory with appropriate boundary conditions
- $WW$  scattering is unitarized through exchange of KK modes (instead of scalar bosons)
- the language of Deconstruction allows a 4-d “Moose” representation of the model

**A SIMPLE REALIZATION:  
THE THREE-SITE MODEL**

# 3-SITE MODEL: BASIC STRUCTURE

$$SU(2) \times SU(2) \times U(1)$$

$$g_0, g_2 \ll g_1$$

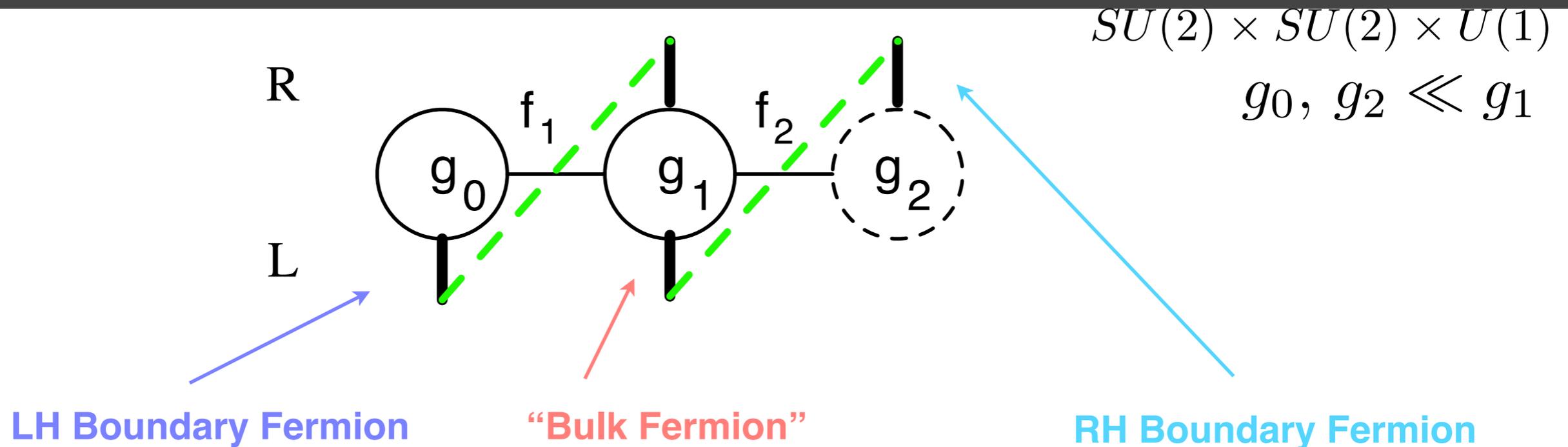


**Gauge boson spectrum:** photon, Z, Z', W, W' (as in BESS)

**Fermion spectrum:** t, T, b, B ( $\psi$  is an SU(2) doublet)

and also c,C, s,S, u,U, d,D plus the leptons

# 3-SITE FERMION MASSES



$$M \left[ \epsilon_L \bar{\psi}_{L0} \Sigma_{01} \psi_{R1} + \bar{\psi}_{R1} \psi_{L1} + \bar{\psi}_{L1} \Sigma_{12} \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_{uR} & 0 \\ 0 & \epsilon_{dR} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_{R2} \\ d_{R2} \end{pmatrix} \right]$$

degree of delocalization

ordinary fermion masses are of the form  $m_f \approx M \epsilon_L \epsilon_{fR}$   
 each ordinary fermion mass value is tied to  $\epsilon_{fR}$   
 flavor structure same as in standard model

heavy "KK" fermion masses are  $\sim M$

# 3-SITE IDEAL DELOCALIZATION

General ideal delocalization condition  $g_i(\psi_i^f)^2 = g_W v_i^w$

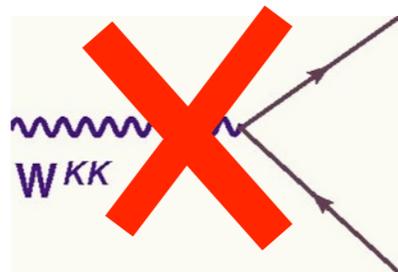
is realized as  $\frac{g_0(\psi_{L0}^f)^2}{g_1(\psi_{L1}^f)^2} = \frac{v_W^0}{v_W^1}$  in 3-site model

From the W, fermion eigenvectors, one solves for

$$\epsilon_L^2 \rightarrow (1 + \epsilon_{fR}^2)^2 \left[ \frac{x^2}{2} + \left( \frac{1}{8} - \frac{\epsilon_{fR}^2}{2} \right) x^4 + \dots \right] \quad x^2 \equiv \left( \frac{g_0}{g_1} \right)^2 \approx 4 \left( \frac{M_W}{M_{W'}} \right)^2$$

For all but top quark,  $\epsilon_{fR} \ll 1$  so the choice  $\epsilon_L^2 \approx 2 \left( \frac{M_W^2}{M_{W'}^2} \right)$

makes W' fermiophobic and Z' nearly so



$$\hat{S} = \hat{T} = W = 0$$

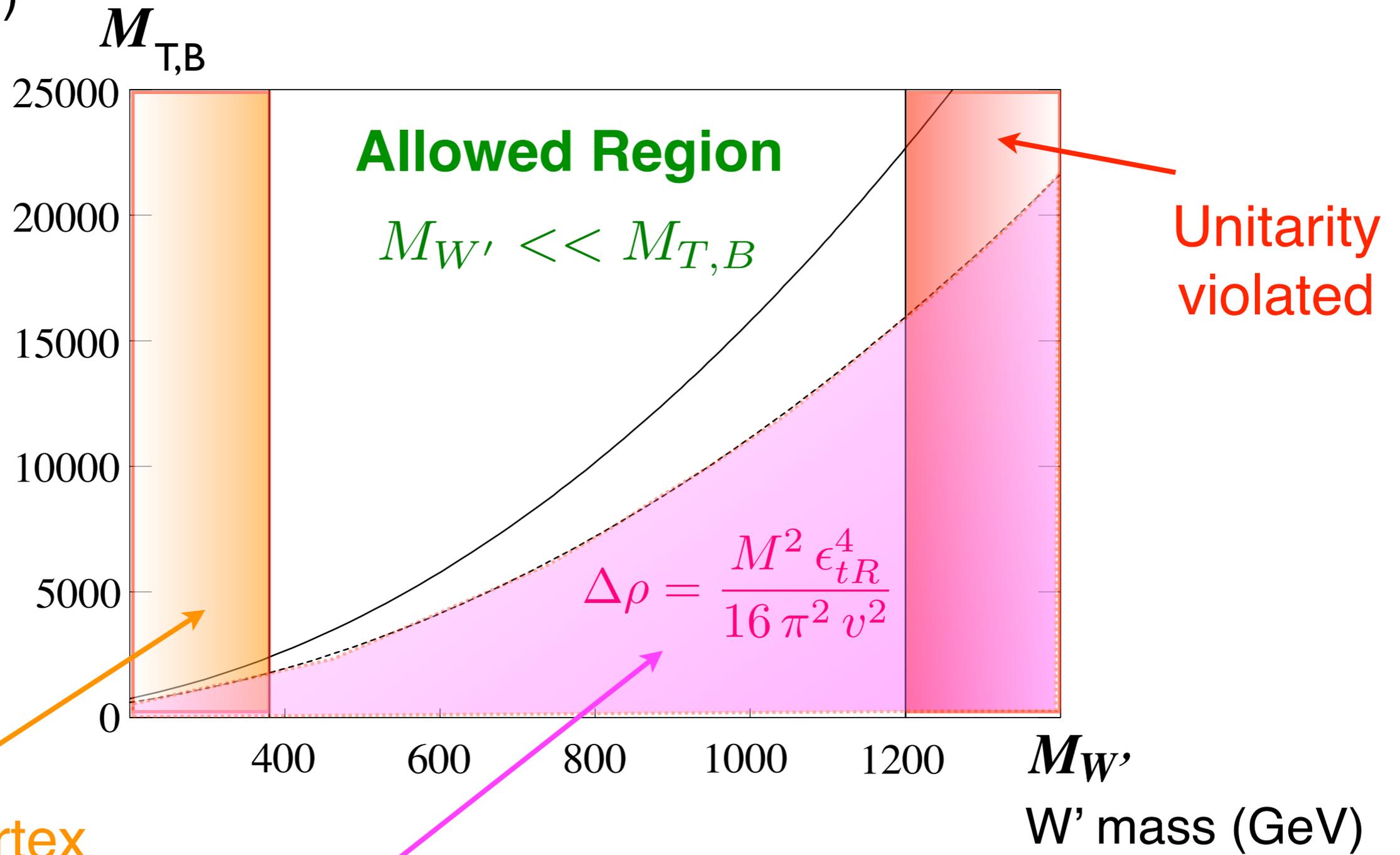
$$Y = M_W^2 (\Sigma_W - \Sigma_Z)$$

Use WW scattering to see W': Birkedal, Matchev, Perelstein hep-ph/0412278

# 3-SITE PARAMETER SPACE

Chivukula et al. hep-ph/0607124

KK fermion  
mass (GeV)



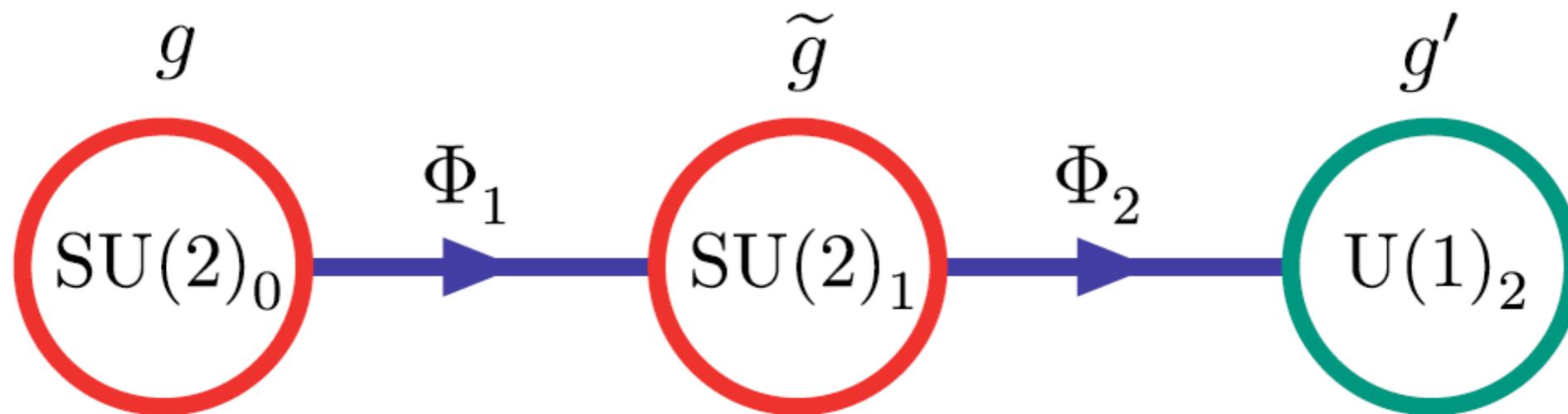
WWZ vertex  
visibly altered

1-loop fermionic EW  
precision corrections too large

**BUT WHAT ABOUT THE  
NEW BOSON?**

**HONG-JIAN HE, NING CHEN, TOMOHIRO ABE: ARXIV 1207.4103**

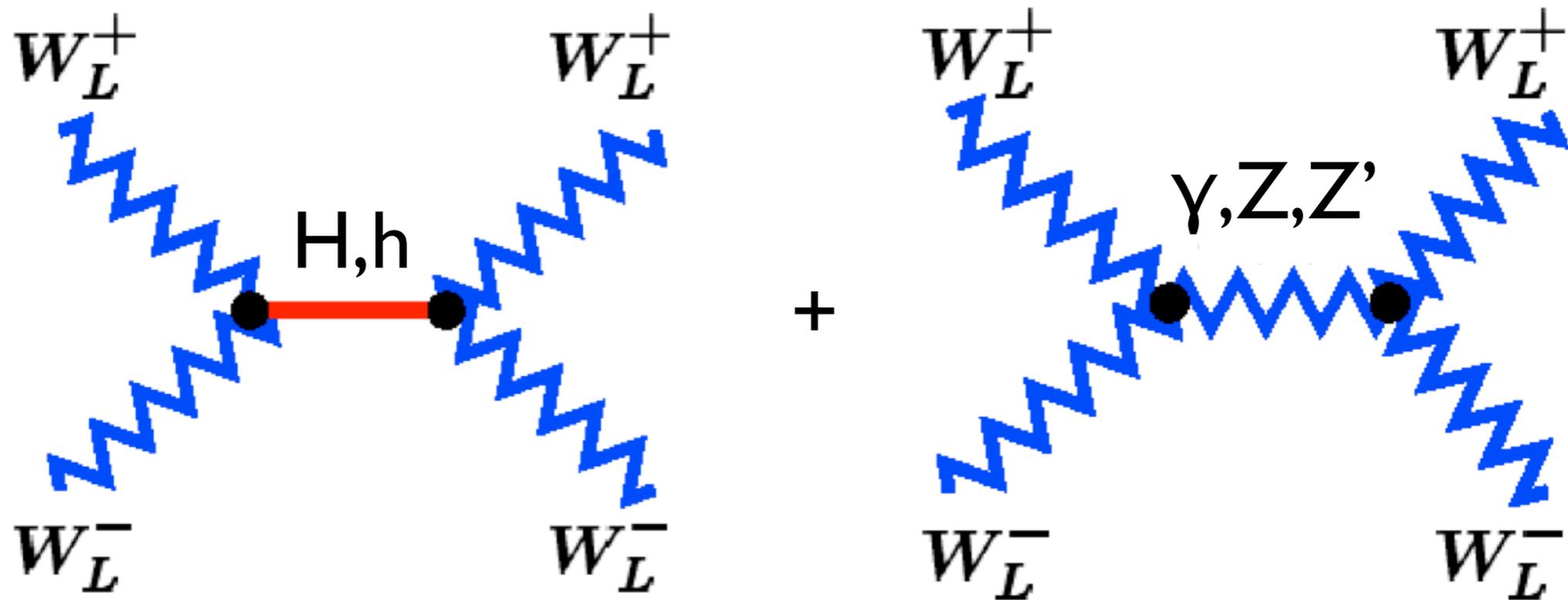
# LINEAR 3-SITE MODEL



**Linear Scalar Link Fields:**  $\phi_1$  &  $\phi_2$

Leads to two-Higgs particles:  $h$ ,  $H$

# WW UNITARIZATION



Unitarize *jointly* by scalar and vector exchange!  
Leads to sum rule:

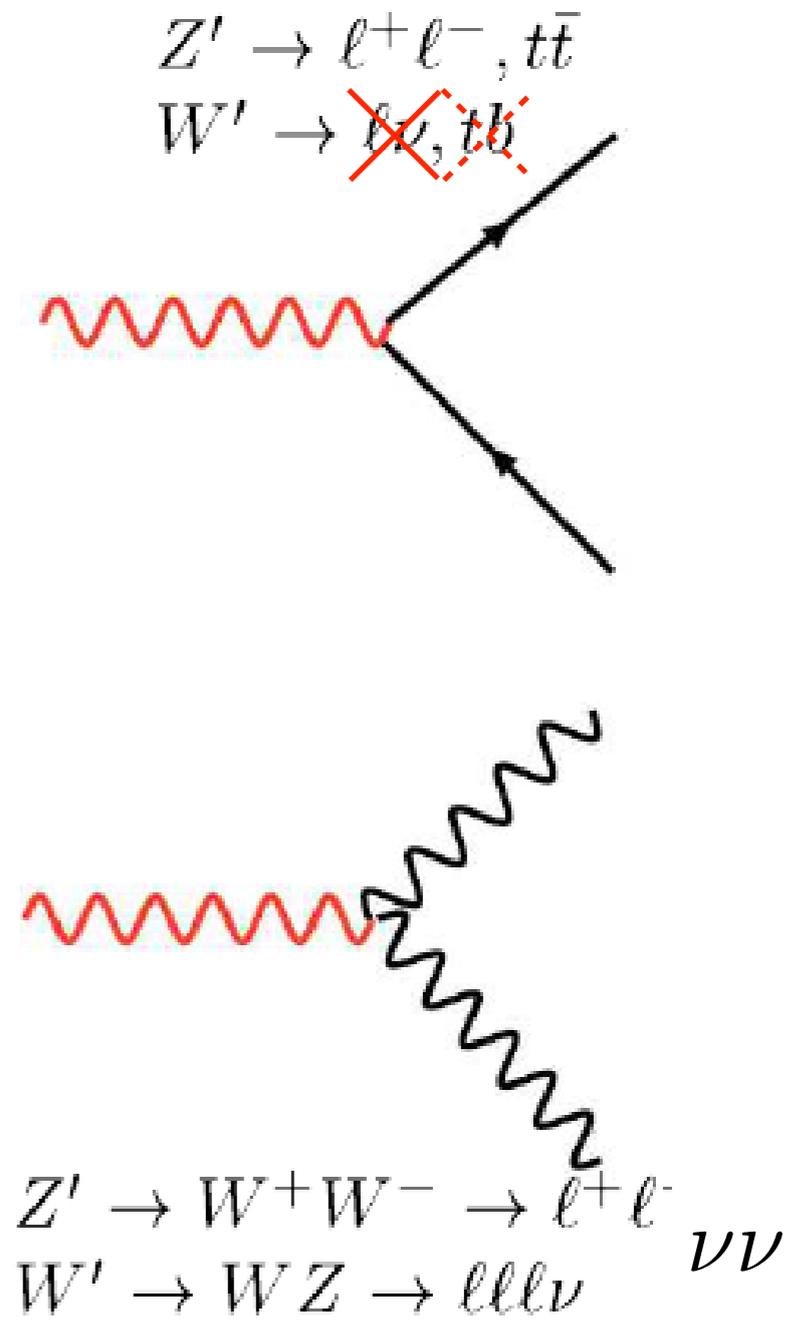
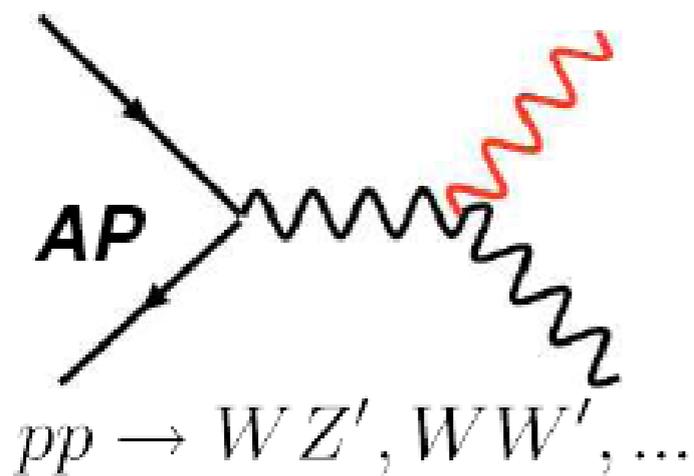
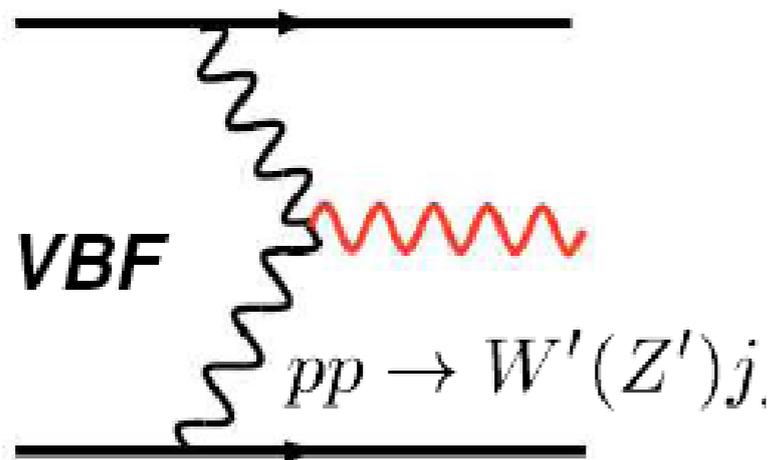
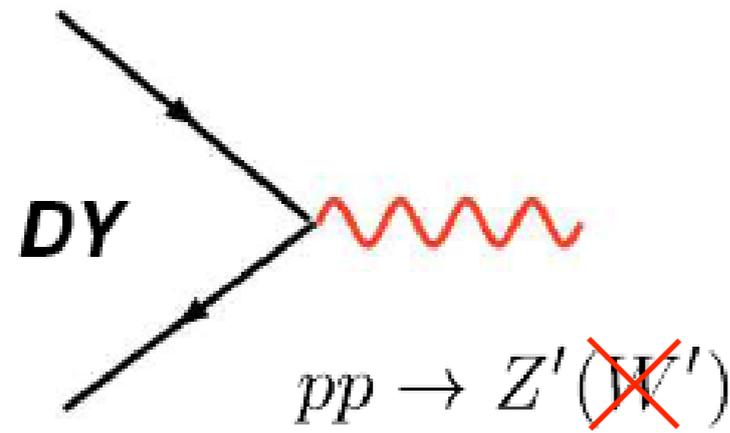
$$G_{4W_0} - \frac{3M_{Z_0}^2}{4M_{W_0}^2} G_{W_0W_0Z_0}^2 = \sum_k \frac{3M_{Z_k}^2}{4M_{W_0}^2} G_{W_0W_0Z_k}^2 + \sum_k \frac{G_{W_0W_0h_k}^2}{4M_{W_0}^2}$$

See next talk...

# LHC PHENOMENOLOGY OF VECTOR BOSONS

RSC, EHS, H.-J. HE, Y.-P. KUANG, ET. AL., PHYS. REV. D78 (2008) 031701  
& ARXIV:1206.6022 AND PRD IN PRESS

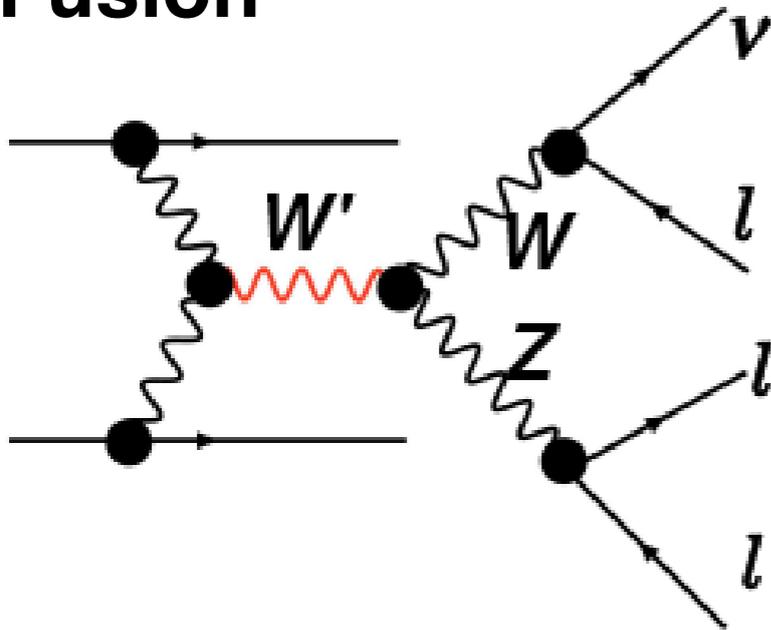
# W', Z' PRODUCTION AND DECAY AT LHC



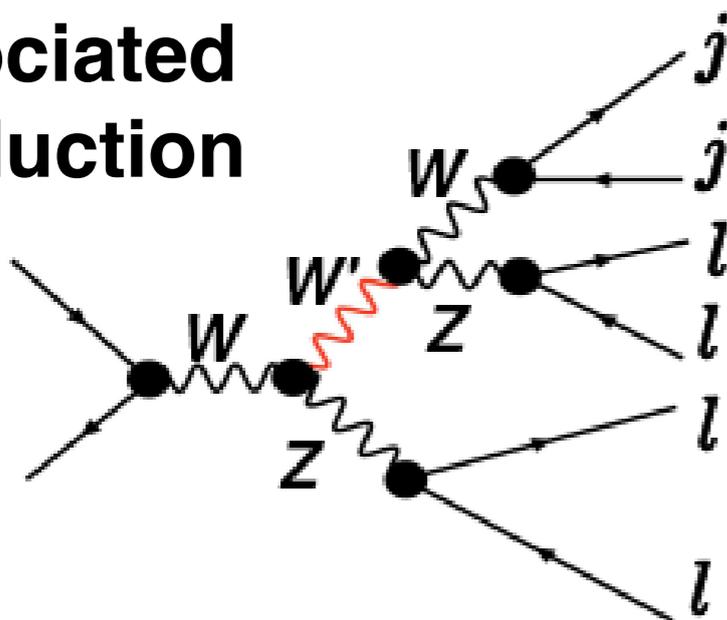
# W' PRODUCTION AT LHC

Two processes with large rates and clear signatures!

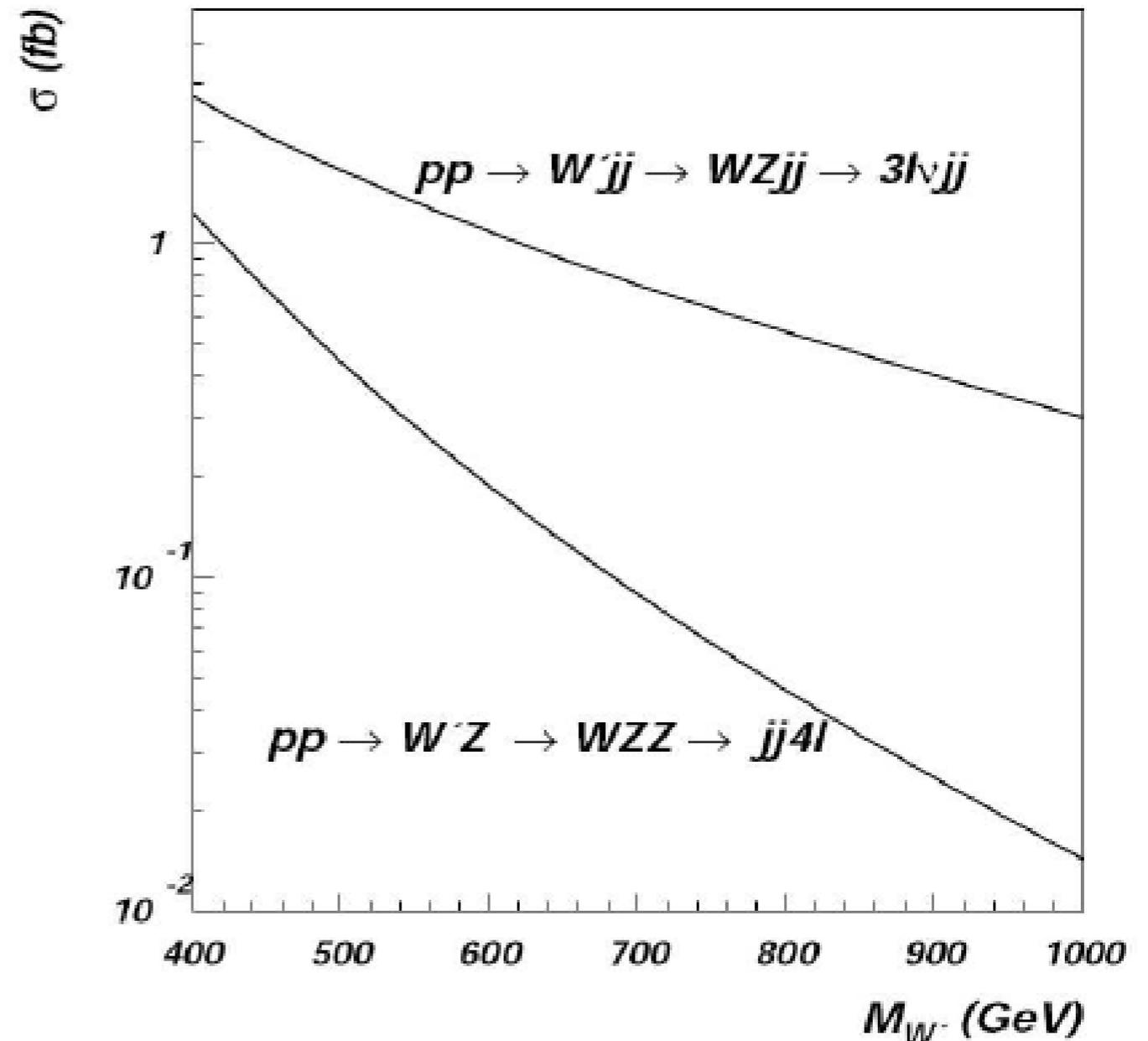
## Vector Boson Fusion



## Associated Production

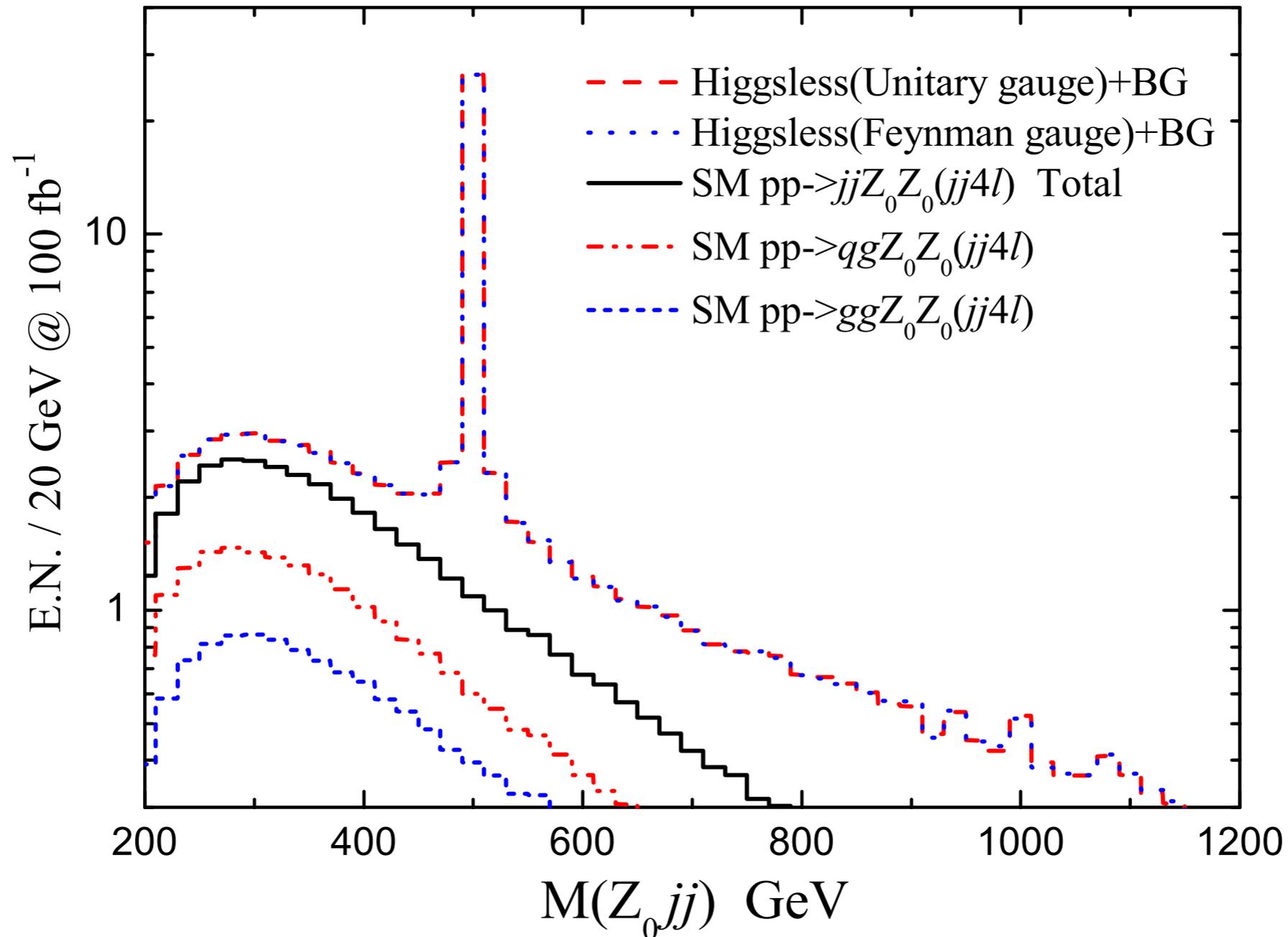


## LHC @ 14 TeV



# ASSOCIATED PRODUCTION (WZZ CHANNEL)

500 GeV W' boson

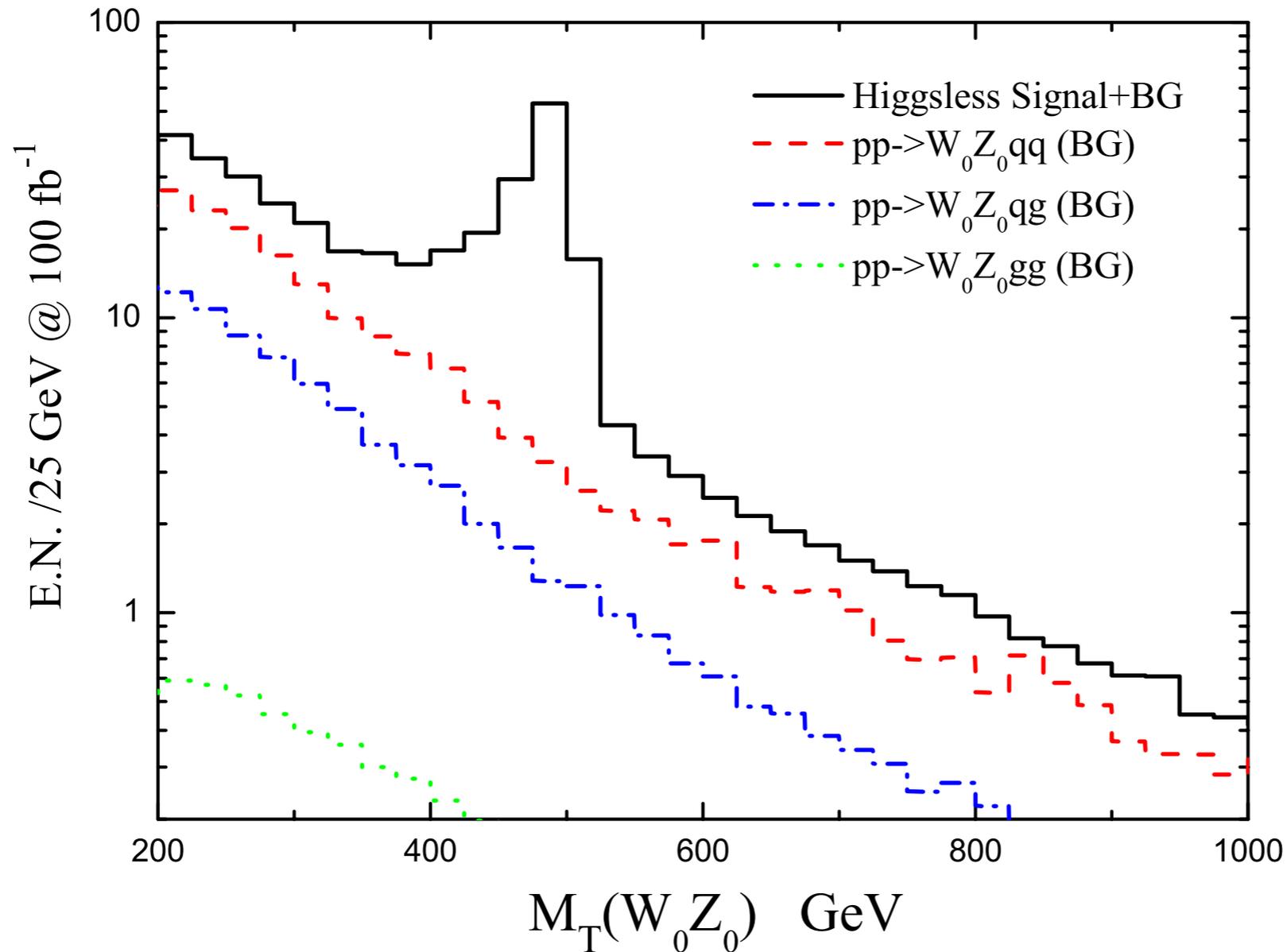


$$M_{jj} = 80 \pm 15 \text{ GeV}, \quad \Delta R(jj) < 1.5, \quad \sum_Z p_T(Z) + \sum_j p_T(j) = \pm 15 \text{ GeV}.$$

$$p_{T\ell} > 10 \text{ GeV}, \quad |\eta_\ell| < 2.5, \quad p_{Tj} > 15 \text{ GeV}, \quad |\eta_j| < 4.5.$$

# VECTOR BOSON FUSION (WZJJ CHANNEL)

## 500 GeV $W'$ boson



Background is  
10x larger than  
estimated in  
Birkedal, Matchev  
& Perelstein (2005)

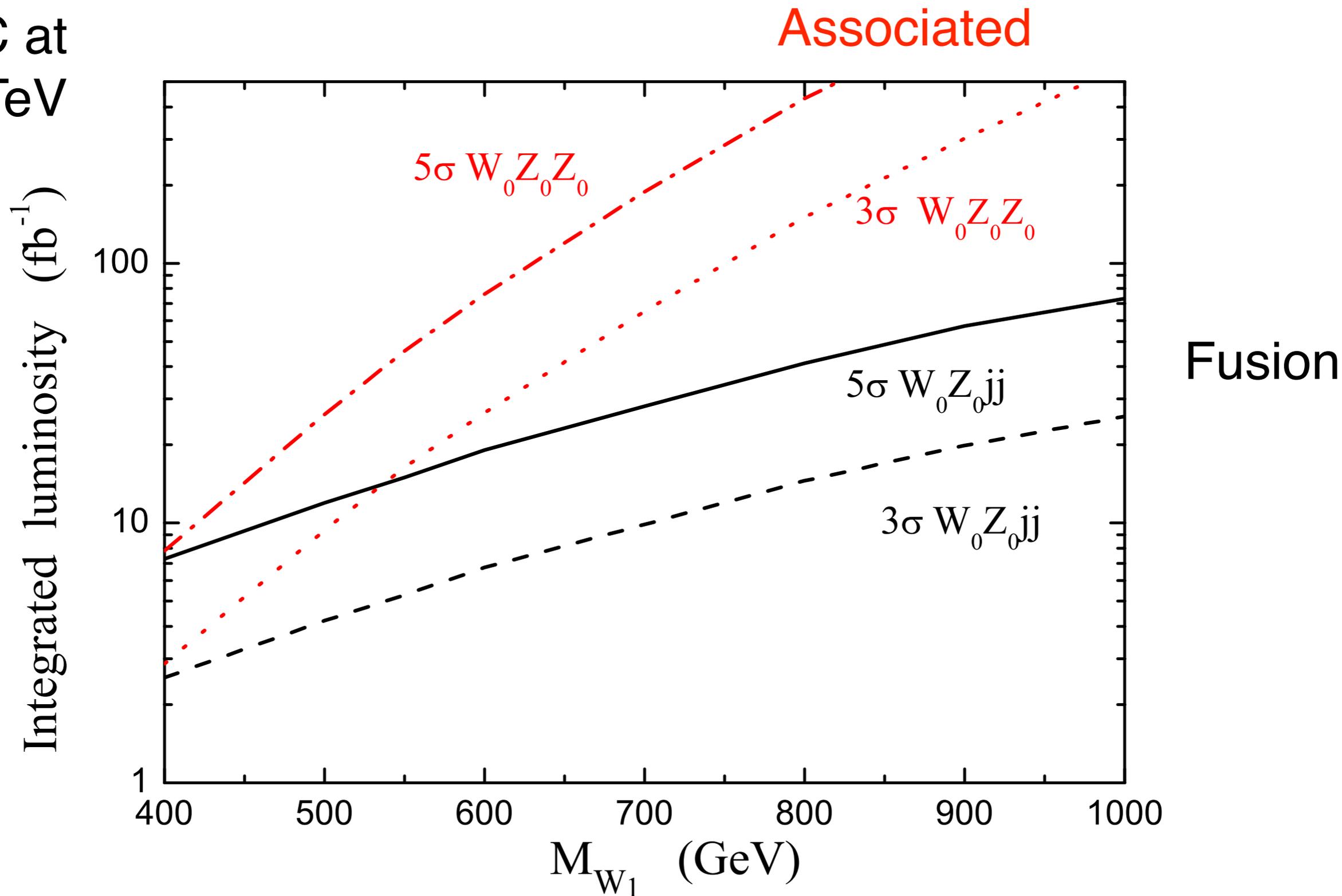
forward jet tag removes WZ background

$$E_j > 300 \text{ GeV}, \quad p_{Tj} > 30 \text{ GeV}, \quad |\eta_j| < 4.5, \quad |\Delta\eta_{jj}| > 4.$$

$$p_{Te} > 10 \text{ GeV}, \quad |\eta_e| < 2.5.$$

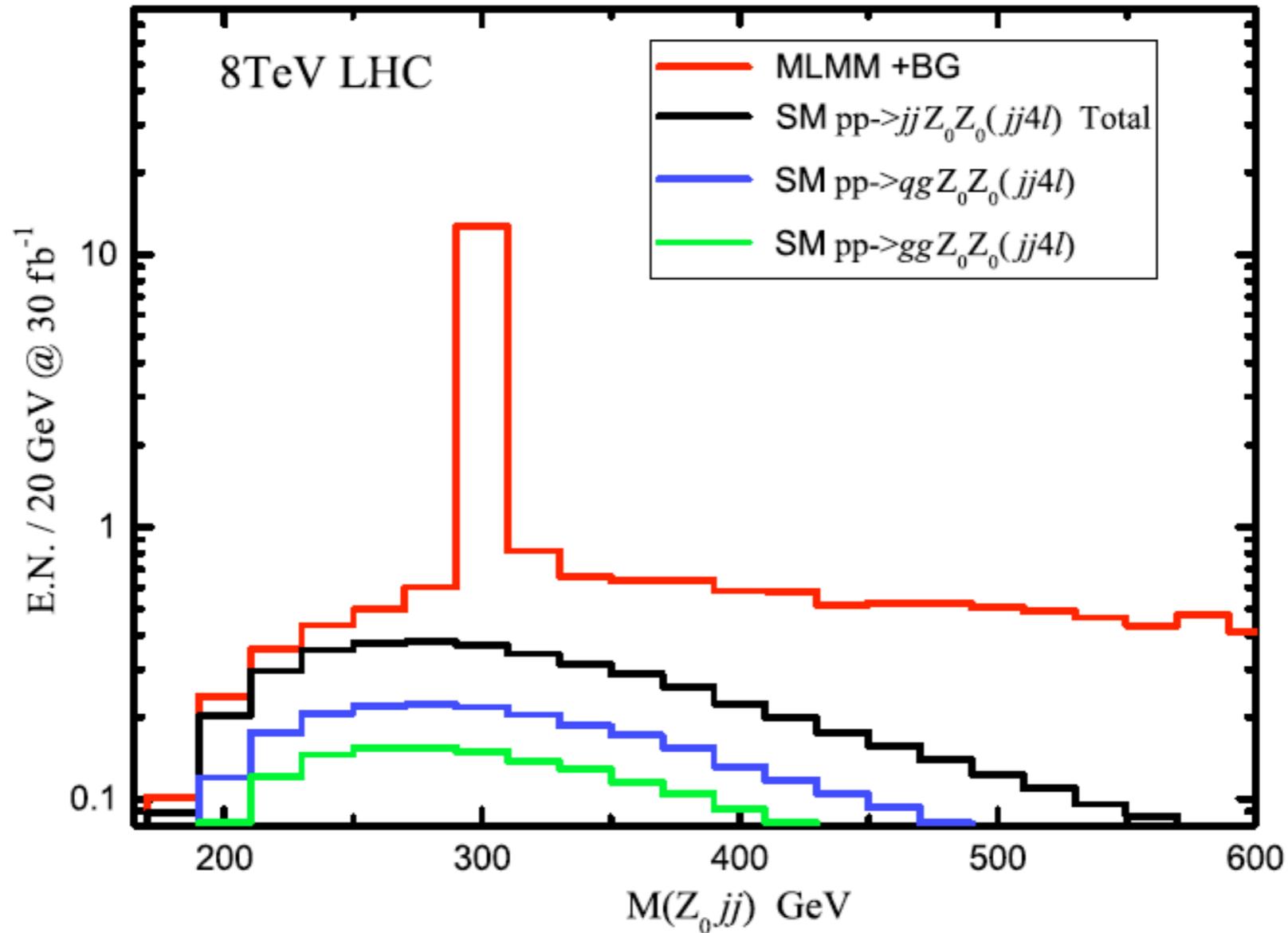
# INTEGRATED LUMINOSITY FOR $W'$ DISCOVERY

LHC at  
14 TeV



# W' DISCOVERY AT 8 TEV

## Associated Production



$$p_{T\ell} > 10 \text{ GeV}, \quad |\eta_\ell| < 2.5, \quad M_{jj} = 80 \pm 15 \text{ GeV}.$$

$$p_{Tj} > 15 \text{ GeV}, \quad |\eta_j| < 4.5, \quad \Delta R(jj) < 1.6.$$

# W' PRODUCTION AT 8 TEV

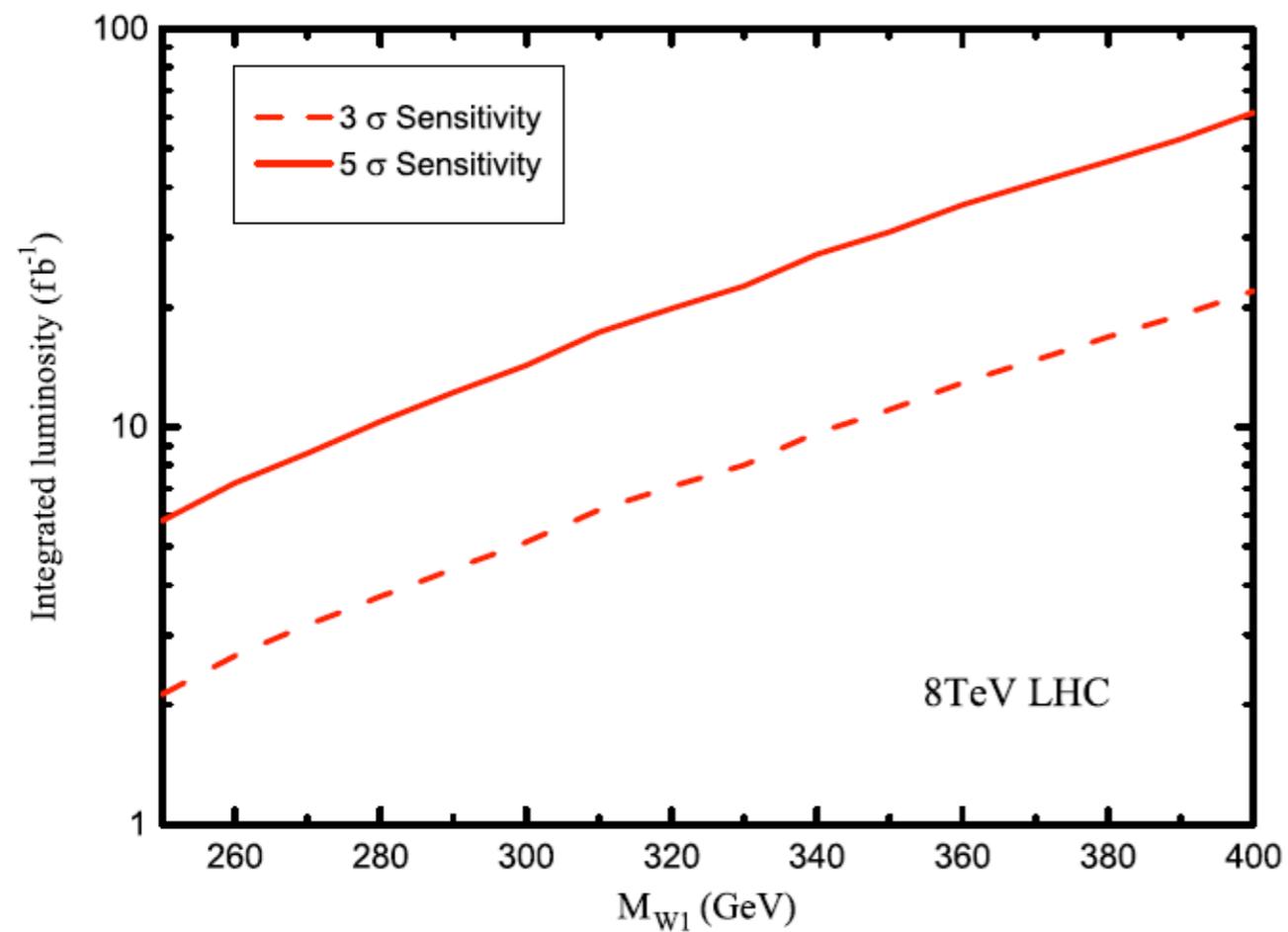


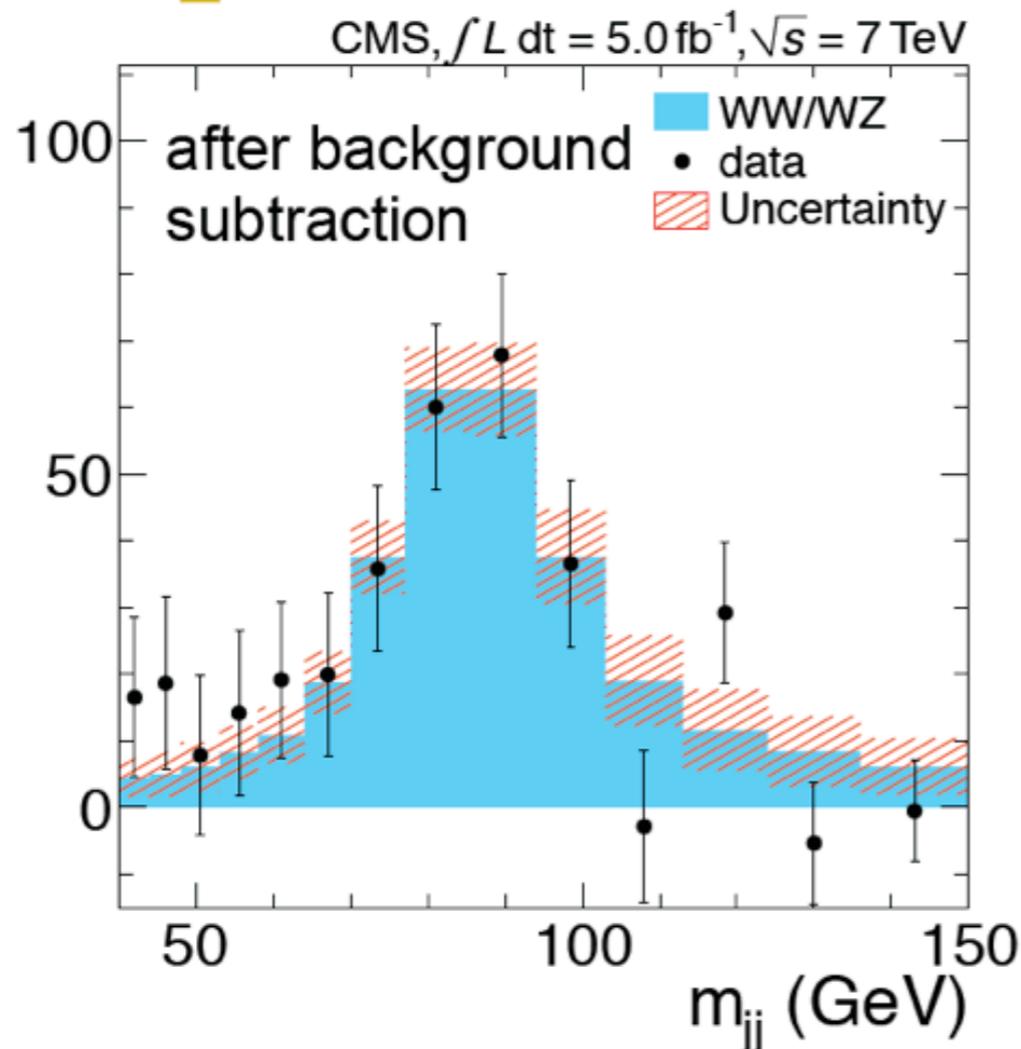
TABLE II. The  $5\sigma$  discovery reaches of the  $W_1^\pm$  bosons at the LHC-8, with the integrated luminosities  $\int \mathcal{L} = 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ , respectively.

$\int \mathcal{L} \text{ (fb}^{-1}\text{)}$	$M_{W_1} \text{ (GeV)}$
10	277
15	302
20	320
25	335
30	346
35	357
40	367
50	385
60	397

**LHC SEARCHES HAVE  
BEGUN**

# SEMI-LEPTONIC WW AT 7 TeV

## WW+WZ $\rightarrow \ell\nu qq$ cross section at 7 TeV



arXiv:1210.7544 (*Eur. J. Phys. C*)

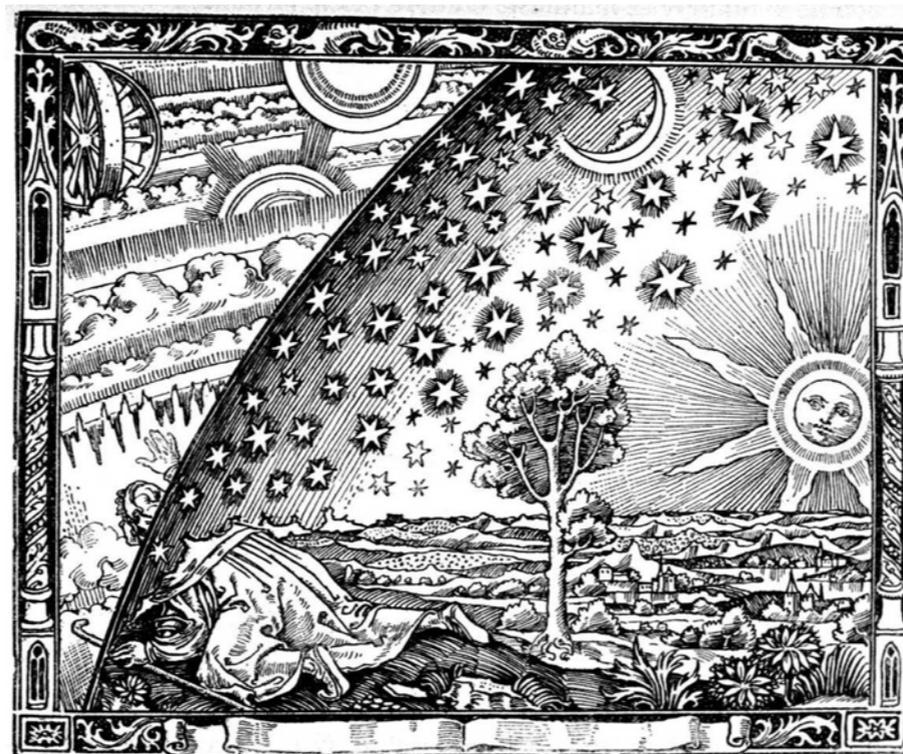
- #diboson =  $2682 \pm 339(\text{stat}) \pm 357(\text{syst})$ , NLO prediction = 2564
- The first observation of diboson in semi-leptonic channel at LHC.

$\sigma = 68.9 \pm 8.7$  (stat)  $\pm 9.7$  (sys)  $\pm 1.5$  (lum) pb  
NLO prediction (MCFM):  $65.6 \pm 2.2$  pb

Consistent with NLO

# CONCLUSION

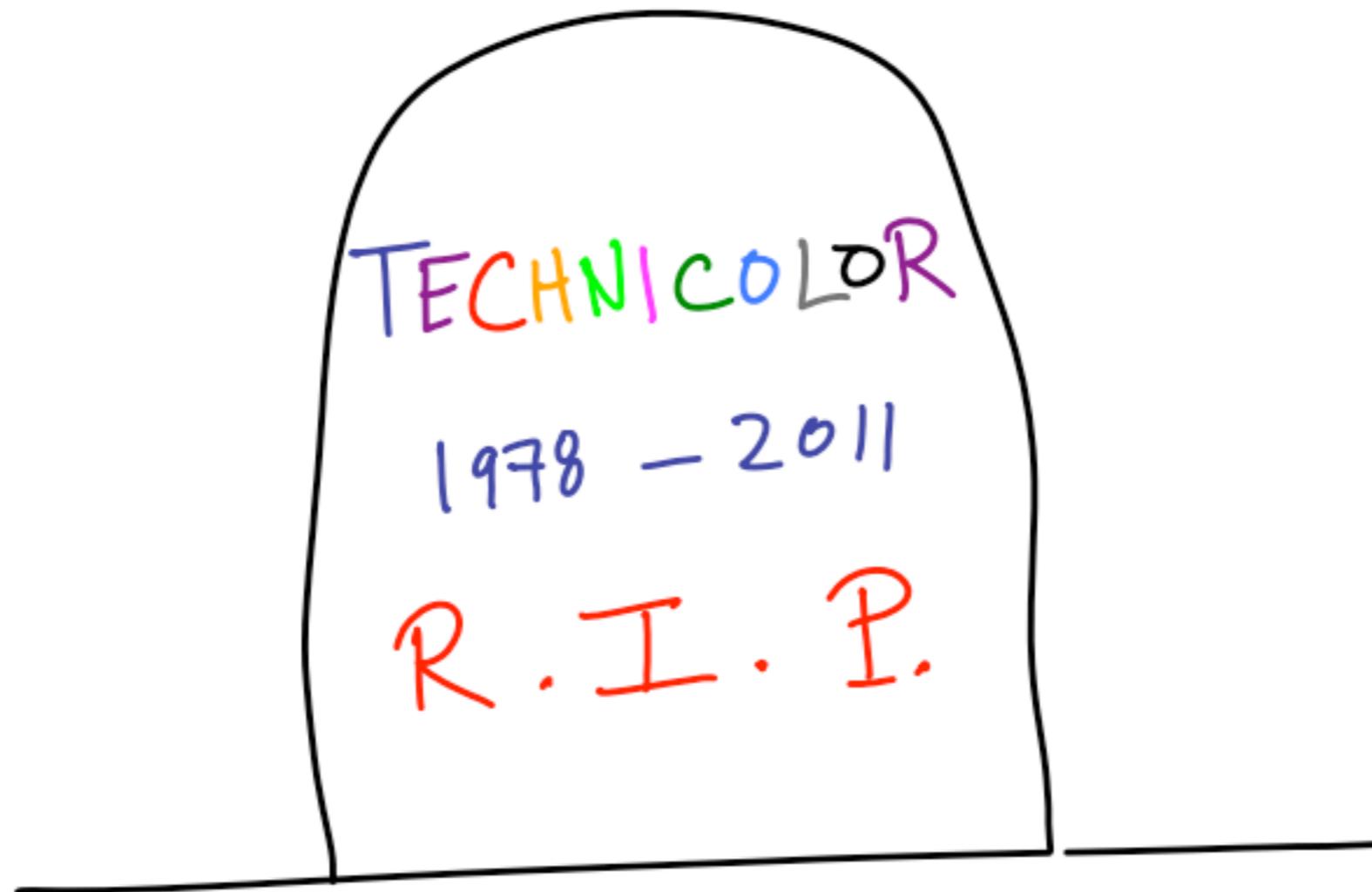
- ATLAS/CMS has discovered a **new** boson.
- Measure properties: is it **the** Higgs?
  - Must check in multiple channels!
- If it isn't, there are potential new signatures in multi-gauge boson signals.



# BACKUP SLIDES

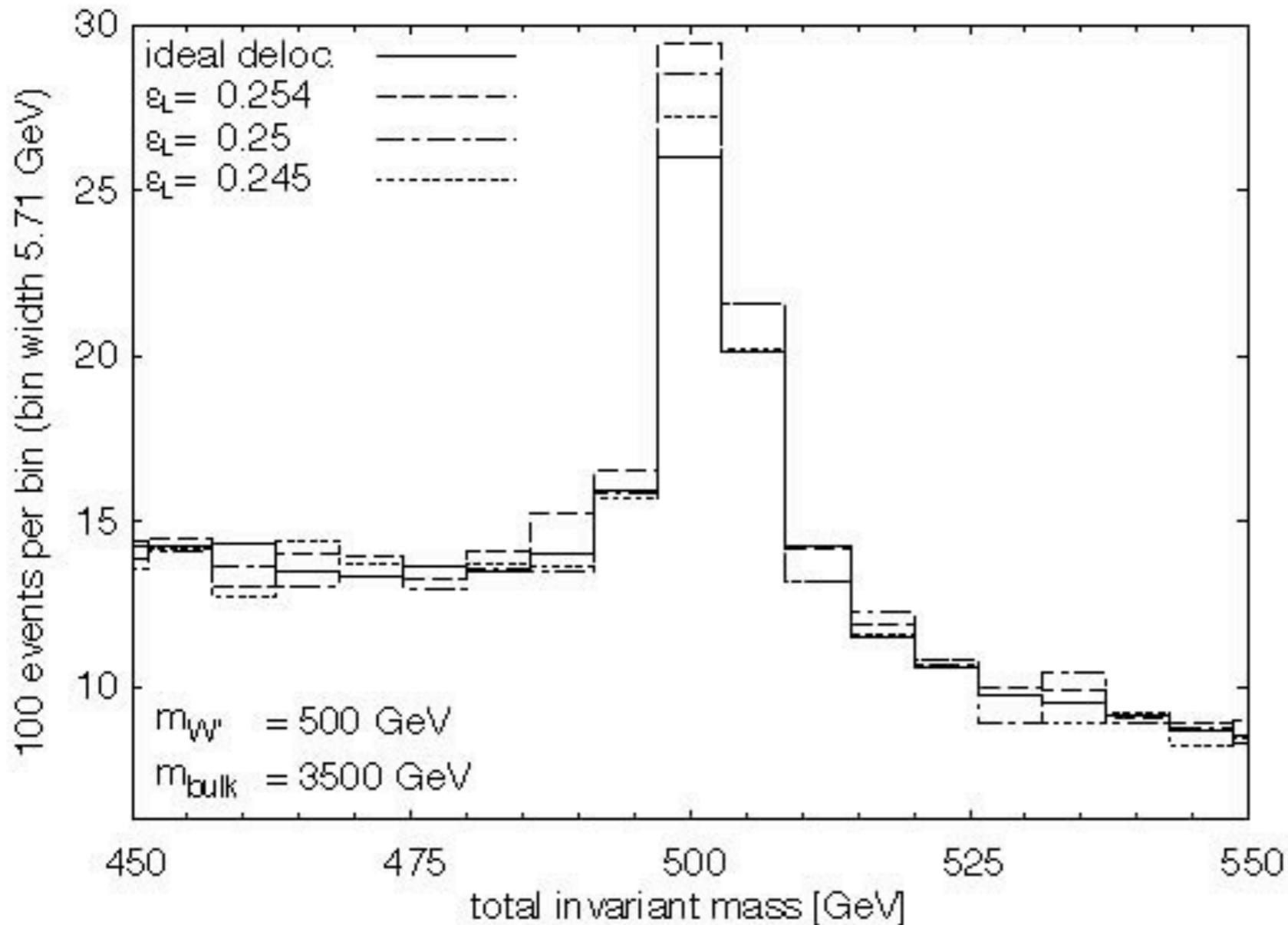
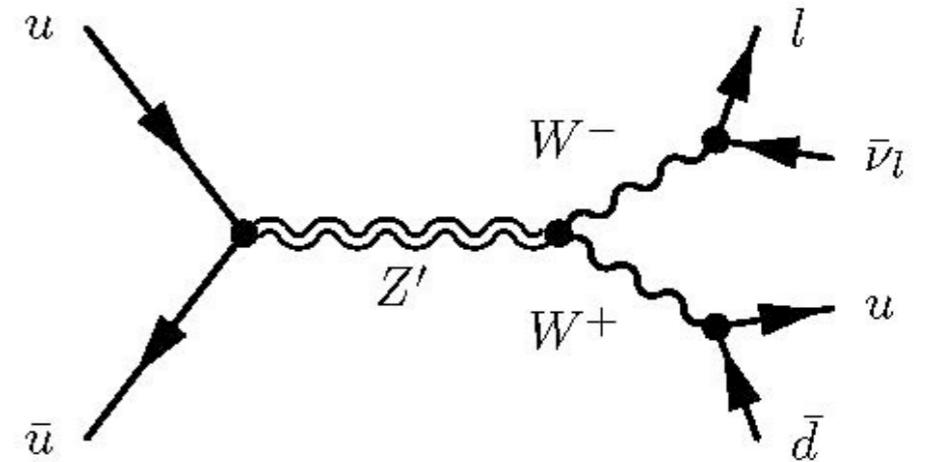
# DISCUSSION QUESTION

Obvious Implications of  $m_H \sim 125 \text{ GeV}$  ?



# Z' SEARCH AT LHC

Ohl & Speckner predict that the 3-site Z' boson (at or near ideal delocalization) should be visible in 100 fb<sup>-1</sup> of LHC data



$$p_T \geq 50 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\cos \theta| \leq 0.95$$

$$75 \text{ GeV} \leq m_{jj} \leq 85 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_{W'} = 500 \text{ GeV}$$