Conformal Window and MWT on the Lattice

Claudio Pica

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Particle Physics & Origin of Mass





Outline





Outline

Conformal Window and β-function at 4-loops





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Conformal Window and β-function at 4-loops

Minimal Walking Technicolor on the Lattice

- spectrum
- β and γ function





a few more words on the conformal window...

CP, F. Sannino, Phys.Rev. D83, 116001 (2011) CP, F. Sannino, Phys.Rev. D83, 035013 (2011)

Conformal Window at 4-loops







Conformal Window at 4-loops





Conformal Window at 4-loops





UV fixed point at large nf







UV fixed point at large nf

At leading order in nf:



Minimal Walking Technicolor on the Lattice

L. Del Debbio, B. Lucini, A. Patella, CP, A.Rago, Phys. Rev. D82, 014509 (2010) L. Del Debbio, B. Lucini, A. Patella, CP, A.Rago, Phys. Rev. D82, 014510 (2010) E. Kerrane, et al., Phys.Rev. D84, 034506 (2011) L. Del Debbio, B. Lucini, A. Patella, CP, A. Rago, arXiv:1111.4672 [hep-lat]

SU(2)_{TC} + 2 Dirac Adjoint fermions





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 close/inside the conformal window by analytic estimates







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- dark matter candidates











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 - Wilson / twisted Polyakov loop scheme
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MWT





Spectrum

Consider a 2-point function at zero-momentum:

$$C(t, g, m, \mu) = \int d^3x \, \langle \Phi_R(t, \mathbf{x}) \Phi_R(0) \rangle(g, m, \mu)$$

we have

$$\left\{t\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \beta(g)\frac{\partial}{\partial g} - \left[1 + \gamma(g)\right]m\frac{\partial}{\partial m} + 2\left[d_{\Phi} - \gamma_{\Phi}(g)\right]\right\}C(t, g, m, \mu) = 0$$





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the solution is:

$$C(t,g,m,\mu) = b^{2(d_{\Phi}-\gamma_{\Phi})}C(bt,g_*,b^{-(1+\gamma)}m,\mu) =$$
$$= \mu^{2d_{\Phi}} \left(\frac{m}{\mu}\right)^{2\frac{d_{\Phi}-\gamma_{\Phi}}{1+\gamma}} F\left(tm^{\frac{1}{1+\gamma}},\mu\right)$$



$$C(t, g, m, \mu) = b^{2(d_{\Phi} - \gamma_{\Phi})}C(bt, g_*, b^{-(1+\gamma)}m, \mu) = b^{2(d_{\Phi} - \gamma_{\Phi})}C(bt, g_*, b^{-(1+\gamma)}m, \mu)$$

$$=\mu^{2d_{\Phi}}\left(\frac{m}{\mu}\right)^{2\frac{d_{\Phi}-\gamma_{\Phi}}{1+\gamma}}F\left(tm^{\frac{1}{1+\gamma}},\mu\right)$$

With an explicit mass *m* a mass gap is expected to be generated:

$$C(t, g, m, \mu) \sim A \exp\left(-M_{\Phi} t\right)$$

so that

$$M_{\Phi} = a_{\Phi} \mu \left(\frac{m}{\mu}\right)^{\frac{1}{1+\gamma}} \qquad m \to 0$$



Qualitative behavior

with chiral SB:





Qualitative behavior

IR conformal:







Qualitative behavior

IR conformal:





Lattice phase structure





Lattice phase structure





Lattice phase structure







Spectrum Hierarchy







String Tension vs mps







Vector vs Pseudoscalar





Finite Size Scaling







Finite Size Scaling



 $LF_{PS} = f(x)$ with $x \equiv Lm^{1/(1+\gamma_*)}$





Scaling of the string tension



 $a\sqrt{\sigma} = A_{\sigma}(am_{PCAC})^{1/(1+\gamma_*)} \quad \gamma \simeq 0.16 - 0.28$





Finite Size Effects





Finite Size Effects







β and γ function

Schrödinger Functional

We consider the system in the presence of a background field parametrized by η :

 $Z[\eta] = e^{-\Gamma[\eta]} = \int_{\eta} DUD\psi D\bar{\psi} e^{-S[U,\psi,\bar{\psi}]}$

The renormalized coupling is defined by:

$$\frac{k}{\bar{g}^2(L)} = \frac{\partial\Gamma}{\partial\eta}\Big|_{\eta=0} , \ \bar{g}^2 = g_0^2 + \mathcal{O}(g_0^4)$$

We define the lattice step scaling function:

$$\Sigma(u, s, a/L) = \bar{g}^2(g_0, sL/a) \Big|_{\bar{g}^2(g_0, L/a) = u}$$

The continuum limit of gives the beta function:

$$\sigma(u,s) = \lim_{a/L \to 0} \Sigma(u,s,a/L) \qquad -2\log s = \int_{u}^{\sigma(u,s)} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}\beta(\sqrt{x})}$$

CP³ - Origins

Particle Physics & Origin of Mass

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N.B.

$$\beta(u) = 0 \implies \sigma(u, s) = u$$



Running of the coupling







Running of the coupling







Running of the mass



Consistent with: $0.05 < \gamma_* < 0.56$



Conclusions

MWT inside the CW

- spectrum scaling consistently with IR conformality
- SF analysis also consistent with an IR fixed point
- small $\gamma \leq 0.6$







Thank you!